The Mapleton Item.

VOL. 10. MAPLETON DEPOT, PA., WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 15, 1899. NO. 47

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.
SCHEDULE IN EFFECT NOV. 20, 1898.

	P.M.	Night.	A.M	A.M.	A.M.	P.M
New York....	8.00	12 15	.....	.....	9.00	2.00
Philadelphia.	11.20	4.30	7.00	8 30	12 25	4 35
Washington ...	10.40	.....	.....	7.50	10.50	.....
Baltimore	11.41	4.50	.....	8.40	11.45	.....
	D'ly	D'ly.	D'ly.	D'ly.	D'ly.	Dly
	A.M	A. M.	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P M.
Harrisburg.....	3.00	8.00	11.48	11.45	3.50	5.00
Rockville		8.12	11.59	.....	.....	5.13
Marysville.....	3.14	8.17	12.03	.....	.....	5.18
Duncannon.....	3.29	8.35	12.16	.....	4.15	5.34
Newport	3.52	9.05	12.37	.....	4.35	6.02
Millerstown.		9.15	12.45	.....	.....	6.11
Thompsontown		9.26	12.53	.....	.....	6.21
Port Royal.....	4.25	9.44	1.07	.....	.....	6.38
Mifflin	4.30	9.50	1.11	.....	5.07	6.43
Lewistown Jc.	4.52	10.13	1.30	1.10	5.27	7.07
McVeytown....	5.15	10.38	1,49	.....	.....	7.30
N. Hamilton...	5.33	11 00	2.06	.....	.....	7.50
Mount Union...	5.39	11.06	2.10	.....	6.08	7.56
Mapleton.	5.45	11.13	2.15	.....	.....	8.02
Huntingdon, ...	6.03	11.32	2.29	2.01	6.27	8.20
Petersburg	6 19	11.47	2.43	.....	.....	8.33
Birmingham ...	6.46	12.13	3.07	h	l	8 56
Tyrone.	6.52	12.20	3 12	2.40	7.04	9.02
Bellwood	7.17	12.41	3.29	.....	7.22	9 20
Altoona.	7.40	1.00	3.45	3.10	7.40	9.35
Pittsburg	12.10	5.50	8.40	6.55	11.30	2.00
	P.M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P.M

Harrisburg 10.20, Rockville 10 31, Marysville 10.34, Duncannon 10.47, Newport 11.06 Millerstown 11.14, Mifflin 11.40, Lewistown Junction 11.58. p. m. Huntingdon 12.55, Tyrone 1.32, Altoona 2 00, Pittsburg 5.30 a. m.

"h" stops to take on passengers for Pittsburg and beyond.

Week days	D'ly.	D'ly.	Dly	D'ly.	D'ly.
	A.M.	A. M.	P.M.	P. M.	P. M.
Pittsburg		2.50	8.00	12.45	4.30
Altoona.....	5.00	7.15	11.40	2.05	5 5)	9.05
Bellwood.....	5.12	7.30	11.52	2.19	6.04	9.19
Tyrone	5.24	7.48	12.03	2 35	6 20	9.33
Birmingham .	5.28	7.53	g	2.40	6.24	
Petersburg ...	5 45	8.17		3.03	6.47	
Huntingdon....	5.57	8.30	12.35	3.17	7.00	10.12
Mapleton.	6.11	8.47		3.35	7.15	
Mt. Union.....	6.16	8.53	12.54	3.42	7.21	10.32
N. Hamilton ...	6.21	8.58		3.47	7.26	
McVeytown....	6.37	9.15		4.08	7.44	
Lewiston Jc....	6.58	9.35	1.33	4.33	8.06	11.16
Mifflin.....	7.18	9.55	1.50	4.55	8.26	11.37
Port Royal.....	7.22	9.59		5.00	8.31	
Thompsontown	7.37	10.14		5.18	8.47	
Millerstown. ...	7.46	10.22		5.28	8.57	
Newport	7.55	10.32	2 24	5.39	9.05	
Duncannon. ...	8.20	10.54	2.44	6.08	9.29	
Marysville	8.33	11.07	2.56	6.26	9.43	
Rockville.	8.38	11.12		6.32	9.48	
Harrisburg.....	8.50	11.25	3.10	6.45	10.00	1.00

Pittsburg 2.50, Altoona 6.05, Tyrone 6.27, Huntingdon 6 57, Harrisburg 9.10 A. M. daily.

	P.M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M	P.M.		A.M
Baltimore.....	11.55	*3 11	6.00		9 45		
Washington..	1.00	*4.10	7.15		10 55		
Phila.....11.48	11.52	*3.00	6.23		10.20		4.30
New York 2.13	2.23	*5,53	9.30		3.53		7.13

Additional trains are run as under:—

Leave Pittsburg 8.30 P. M. daily, Altoona 12.15 A. M., Huntingdon 1.10 A. M.; arrive Harrisburg 3.40 A. M., Philadelphia 6.52 A. M.

Leave Pittsburg 7.30 A. M. daily, Altoona 11.05 A. M., Tyrone 11.30 A. M., Huntingdon 12.03 P. M., Lewistown Junction 1.02 p. m., arrive Harrisburg 2.40p.m., Philadelhia 5.47 p. m., New York, Desbrosses and Cortlandt Sts. 8.08; W. Twenty third St. Station 8.20 p. m., Baltimore 6.00 p.m., Washington 7.15 p.m.

*Week-days only. "g" stops to let off passengers from Pittsburg and beyond, and to take on passengers for Harrisburg and beyond. "f" stops on signal only.

Connecting trains leave as follows:

At Lewistown Junction.--For Sunbury 7 30 A. M. and 3.05 P. M. week days.

For Milroy 6.40, 10.20 A. M. and 3.00 p. M. week days.

At Huntingdon—For Bedford and Cumberland 8.35 A. M. and 7.05 P. M. week days. Bedford only 8.00 A. M. Sundays.

At Tyrone--For Clearfield and Curwensville 8.20 A. M., 3.20 and 7.20 P. M. week days.

For Bellefonte and Lock Haven 8.10 A. M., 12.30 and 7.15 P M. week days.

For Scotia 7.50 A.M. and 3.15 P.M. week days.

For further information apply to ticket agents, or Thomas E. Watt, Passenger Agent, Western Division, Corner Fifth Avenue, and Smithfield Street. Pittsburg.

J. B. HUTCHINSON, Gen'l Manager. J. R. WOOD, Gen'l Pass. Agt.

EAST BROAD TOP RAILROAD.
Schedule in effect Sept 7, 1898.

NORTH. Irreg. No.5.	NORTH. Mail, No.3	NORTH. Mail, No.1	STATIONS.	SOUTH. Mail, No. 2.	SOUTH. Mail, No. 4	SOUTH. Irreg., No. 6.
a.m.	P.M.	a.m		A.		a. m.
7 22	1 07	6 20	Robertsdale	11 39	6 39	7 04
7 34	1 19	6 32	Cook's	11 24	6 27	6 54
7 46	1 31	6 44	Cole's	11 09	6 15	6 34
8 14	1 59	7 10	Saltillo	10 39	5 30	6 01
8 22	2 07	7 17	Three Springs	10 30	5 21	5 54
8 34	2 19	7 29	*Beersville	10 15	5 07	5 42
8 49	2 34	7 43	Rockhill	9 53	4 44	5 30
	2 50	8 00	Shirley	9 38	4 29	
	3 00	8 08	*Augh. Mills	9 30	4 21	
	3 21	8 28	Mount Union	9 15	4 06	
a. m.	p. m.	p m		a. m.	p. m.	a. m.

Irreg. No. 7, leaves Robertsdale 5.03 p. m., Cook's 5.13, Cole's 5.25, Saltillo 5.45, Three Springs 5.53, Beersville 6.05, arrive at Rockhill 6.20 p. m.

Irreg. No. 8, leaves Rockhill 3.10 p. m., Beersville 3.22, Three Springs 3.34, Saltillo 3.41, Cole's 4.06, Cook's 4.18, arrive at Robertsdale 4.30 p. m.

SHADE GAP BRANCH.

WEST. Irreg. No. 12.	WEST. Mail, No. 10.	STATIONS.	EAST Irreg. No 9.	EAST Mail, No. 11
p. m.	a. m.		a. m.	p. m.
5 50	7 25	L Rockhill A	6 30	4 55
5 43	7 18	*Blacklog	6 37	5 02
5 35	7 10	*Cedar Rock	6 45	5 10
5 31	7 06	*Locke Vall'y	6 49	5 14
5 25	7 00	*Shade Gap Stair	6 55	5 20
		A Goshorn L		

Mail trains Nos. 1. 2. 3. 4. 10 and 11 and irregular trains 9 and 12 run daily except Sunday. Irregular trains 5, 6, 7 and 8 do not run daily, but carry passengers when run.

* Flag stations.

A. W. GREENWOOD, Superintendent

EPWORTH LEAGUE.

Topic For the Week Beginning Feb. 19, "A Missionary Church." Text, Acts xiii, 1-3.

"When they had fasted and prayed and laid their hands on them, they sent them away."

It was in a great city, filled with wealth and luxury and moral corruption. An obscure company of religiously enthusiastic people had banded together. It was a strangely mixed band. They were worthy Jews, but from many lands, drawn to the great city by their business. The strictness of their religious prejudices had been somewhat relaxed and new notions added. They were followers of Jesus the Nazarene. They allowed gentiles to meet with them on equal terms. A strange innovation for the exclusive Jews.

Now occurs a still stranger thing. The impression gains currency that of the considerable number of religious teachers among them two should be sent together to the islands and neighboring provinces to teach the people the new views which they had themselves received and call the people to share in their religious experiences.

This was indeed a new spirit for those who had for ages been known as most intolerant toward all other religions and people. This was the beginning of Christian missions. All previous work had been unpremeditated, the result of an exigency or a special occasion. This was planned with deliberation. Other efforts had been individual and spasmodic. This was a movement of the whole church, and was to be a sustained and continued labor.

The preparation for the work is noticeable. "They fasted;" not those alone who were to be sent out, but the whole company. It was not as a form, but as a religious preparation of body and spirit to more clearly discern the will of God. "They prayed." After the mind was clear and active, freed from all sluggishness of sleep and eating, they directed the powers of soul to learning the divine pleasure. "They laid their hands on them." Assurance of fraternal regard was in it, but more than that—authority to represent the church and carry the knowledge and practices of the church to others was imparted. Alone, no one of them possessed the right to bring others into this fellowship. The whole company united in the act of sending these messengers with the gospel message to the people in the regions beyond.

So should it be now. The whole church should send out the missionaries and sustain the work as its own.

Growth of Brotherhood.

Our recent war with Spain has opened eyes and hearts in wondrous ways and to wonderful extent in unexpected places. We entered the conflict with an avowal such as no nation ever before made as the basis of battle. We sought no conquest of lands for ourselves, no vindication of wounded honor or righting of wrongs of our own, but we could no longer tolerate the evils and wrongs under which our neighbors were suffering.

Though of different race and speech, with customs and traditions unlike our own, of a religion which made small appeal to many of us, they were our neighbors, oppressed, struggling, almost helpless and well nigh hopeless.

The most hopeful sign of all the conflict is the evident growth of human brotherhood. In the third of a century past we as a people have accumulated wealth beyond all historical precedent. It was a grave question if we were not growing avaricious in spirit and losing all the nobler qualities of heroic manhood. This war has shown the spiritual as well as material and physical fiber of the young republic. We have the spirit of brotherhood. This is the impulse of all missionary effort. In a broader and deeper sense than he intended the "cry of kinship" is caught by us from the lips of Tennyson's successor and rung around the globe. We are brothers not only to those of Anglo-Saxon birth and breeding, but to all men everywhere.

One-tenth or Ten-tenths?

A cheap religion wins a cheap return. It is right for a man to give a tenth of his income directly to the Lord's work, yet a man who thinks he has thereby done his whole duty is but a tenth of a man and a tenth of a Christian. Only the man who dedicates himself and all that he has to the service of his Master will get all that the Master has to give. —Sunday School Times.

Keep Posted.

In many public schools the pupils are required to furnish lists of current events and explain them. It would be a good plan in the League to have once a month a review of the important events in the church at large. Affairs in Methodism and in other denominations are as important to us as the doings of congress or crowned heads.

CHRISTIAN ENDEAVOR.

Topic For the Week Beginning Feb. 19—Comment by Rev. S. H. Doyle.

TOPIC.—A missionary church.—Acts xiii, 1-12. (A missionary meeting.)

The church at Antioch was the most illustrious church of apostolic days. It surpassed in its achievements even the church at Jerusalem. It was founded as a result of missionary effort, it was nourished and built up by missionaries, and in the providence of God it became the starting point from which proceeded the great missionary movements by which the heathen world was brought to the foot of the cross, by which we ourselves know of God and salvation through Christ.

This church may therefore be looked upon, in a peculiar sense, as a missionary church, and by studying it we may learn what a missionary church should be. Every church should be a missionary church, and every Christian Endeavorer should strive to make his church one. Let us, therefore, study the characteristics of this world renowned missionary church and try to make our churches like it.

1. The church at Antioch was a well informed church. It had "prophets and teachers." The prophets "were under the ecstatic influence of the Holy Ghost. The teachers were expounders of Christian truth under the teaching of the Spirit." By such eminent prophets and teachers as Antioch possessed it is easy for us to believe that they were not only informed as to their personal and local needs, but also of the need of the world for the gospel. We cannot imagine Barnabas and Paul neglecting the cause of heathendom. A church that aspires to be a missionary church must be well informed along missionary lines. Knowledge creates an interest and inspires with a desire to help in the work of evangelizing the world. It is the lack of information that causes many churches to be indifferent to missions.

2. The church at Antioch was a spiritual church. They fasted and prayed. They kept as far as possible from the world and as close as possible to God. They were on intimate terms with the Holy Ghost. He spoke to them and revealed His will to them. More devotion, more praying and self denial, more of the Holy Ghost would make many a church more of a missionary church than it is.

3. The church at Antioch was an obedient church. It obeyed the Holy Ghost without hesitation and without complaint. The Holy Ghost requested that Paul and Barnabas be separated for a special work. They fasted and prayed and laid their hands upon them "and sent them away." The task assigned to the missionaries was tremendous. The difficulties must have seemed insurmountable, yet they obeyed at once; yet they went, poor, unpracticed and unarmed, and in spite of all obstacles succeeded. An obedient church must be a missionary church. The command of the Master is to send the gospel to every creature in the world. The church that fails to do its share of the work is a disobedient church.

4. The church at Antioch was a self denying church. Some people may think it gave nothing to missions. How mistaken they are! They gave a gift that must have been a great sacrifice, that must have cost much self denial on their part. They gave Paul and Barnabas! What church would want to deny itself of such workers as these? It would certainly cost more than to give money to the cause of missions.

Bible Readings.—Ps. ii, 1-9; Isa. xlii, 6, 7; lii, 7; Nah. i, 15; Math. xiii, 31-33; xxviii, 19, 20; Luke ii, 25-32; John iii, 16; xv, 16; Acts i, 8; viii, 26-40; Rom. i, 14-16; x, 14, 15; Rev. xxii, 17.

The Church and the Poor.

We do not need to deplore the supposed decadence of the church. If the influence of the church is declining, it is in part because we are neglecting our plain duty to the lowest of the people. The church that can and does reach down to the very substratum of society and rescue the perishing ones who are there hovering over the mouth of the pit will deserve and receive the Master's approbation. Let us turn aside a little from our elaborate rituals, our elegant social functions, our denominational rivalry, our higher criticism and our worship of creed and devise and execute ways and means for carrying the word of God to our poorest and most needy neighbors.—Evangelist.

Prayer.

Jesus never taught his disciples how to preach, only how to pray. He did not speak much of what was needed to preach well, but much of praying well. To know how to speak to God is more than knowing how to speak to men. Not power with men, but power with God, is the first thing. Jesus loves to teach us how to pray.—Andrew Murray.

My Name.

There is a hand—a bleeding hand—
That graves my name and makes it stand,
An unerased and glorious thing,
Among the records of the King.

God, bending from his throne above,
Takes up his pen that's dipped in love
And signs on page of fairest scroll
The names of those whom Christ makes whole.

And there—e'en there—my poor, weak name,
That merits an eternal shame,
He writes in characters so bright
That angels cannot bear the sight.

O blessed hand, O sacred heart,
That wills that I should have a part
In rapt'rous scenes of heavenly bliss,
What wonder could be more than this?
—New York Observer.

Unexpected Answers.

I asked the Lord that I might grow
In faith and love and every grace,
Might more of His salvation know
And seek more earnestly His face.

I hoped that in some forward hour
At once He'd answer my request
And by His love's constraining power
Subdue my sins and give me rest.

Instead of this He made me feel
The hidden evils of my heart
And let the angry powers of hell
Assault my soul in every part.

"Lord, why is this?" I trembling cried.
"Wilt thou pursue a worm to death?"
"'Tis in this way," the Lord replied,
"I answer prayer for grace and faith.

"These inward trials I employ
From self and pride to set thee free
And break thy schemes of earthly joy,
That thou mayest seek thine all in Me."

The Lord Needeth Thee.

Jesus, Thou needest me,
Even me, Thou Light divine!
O Son of God, Thou needest me—
Thou needest sins like mine!

Thy fullness needs my want,
Thy wealth my poverty;
Thy healing skill my sickness needs,
Thy joy my misery.

Thy strength my weakness needs,
Thy grace my worthlessness;
Thy greatness needs a worm like me
To cherish and to bless.

Thy fullness, Son of God,
Thus needy maketh Thee!
Thy glory, O Thou Blessed One,
Seeketh its rest in me!

It was Thy need of me
That brought Thee from above;
It is my need of Thee, O Lord,
That draws me to Thy love!
—Bonar.

Teach Me to Live.

Teach me to live! 'Tis easier far to die—
Gently and silently pass away,
On earth's long night to close the heavy eye
And waken in the glorious realms of day.

Teach me that harder lesson—how to live,
To serve Thee in the darkest paths of life!
Arm me for conflict now, fresh vigor give
And make me more than conqueror in the strife!

Teach me to live for self and sin no more,
But use the time remaining to me yet,
Not mine own pleasure seeking as before,
Wasting no precious hours in vain regret!

Teach me to live, my daily cross to bear,
Nor murmur, though I bend beneath its load!
Only be with me; let me feel Thee near;
Thy smile sheds gladness on the darkest road.

Teach me to live and find my life in Thee,
Looking from earth and earthly things away!
Let me not falter, but untiringly
Press on and gain new strength and power each day!

Cry of Kinship.

What is the voice I hear
On the wind of the western sea?
Sentinel, listen from out Cape Clear
And say what the voice may be!
'Tis a proud, free people calling loud to a people proud and free.

And it says to them: "Kinsmen, hail!
We severed have been too long.
Now let us have done with a wornout tale—
The tale of an ancient wrong—
And our friendship last long as love doth last and be stronger than death is strong."

Answer them, sons of the selfsame race
And blood of the selfsame clan.
Let us speak with each other face to face
And answer as man to man
And loyally love and trust each other as none but freemen can.

Now fling them out to the breeze—
Shamrock, thistle and rose—
And the star spangled banner unfurl with these,
A message to friends and foes
Wherever the sails of peace are seen and wherever the war wind blows,

A message to bond and thrall to wake,
For wherever we come, we twain,
The throne of the tyrant shall rock and quake
And his menace be void and vain,
For you are lords of a strong young land and we are lords of the main.

Yes, this is the voice on the bluff March gale;
We severed have been too long,
But now we have done with a wornout tale—
The tale of an ancient wrong—
And our friendship last long as love doth last and be stronger than death is strong.
—Alfred Austin, Poet Laureate of Great Britain.

The World's Decisive Battles.

Professor Creasy denominates these battles "decisive," not alone by reason of their immediate results, but because in each a reversed victory would have changed materially the history of the world:

B. C. 490.

The victory at *Marathon*,
Greece over haughty Persia won;

B. C. 421.

At *Syracuse* the Spartan's name
Attained in Hellas naval fame.

B. C. 331.

From *Arbela* Darius fled,
While Alexander onward sped.

B. C. 307.

On the *Metaurus* Rome foretold
The speedy doom of Carthage old.

A. D. 9.

In *Teutoburger* wood decoyed,
Rome's trusted legions were destroyed.

A. D. 431.

By Visigoth and Roman spurned,
The "Scourge of God" from *Chalons* turned.

A. D. 732.

At *Tours* fierce blows from Charles "Martel"
The Arab horde's retreat compel.

A. D. 1066.

At *Hastings* fought the Saxon lords.
When Norman William claimed their swords.

A. D. 1429.

Joan of Arc, of France the pride,
At *Orleans* turned the battle-tide.

A. D. 1588.

Spain's huge *Armada*, greatly feared,
In English waters disappeared.

A. D. 1704.

At *Blenheim* Marlborough held sway,
While Prince Eugene helped win the day.

A. D. 1709.

Pultowa saw a triumph framed,
Which Russia over Sweden claimed.

A. D. 1777.

At *Saratoga* in our States,
Burgoyne gave up his sword to Gates.

A. D. 1792.

The young democracy of France
At *Valmy* checked their foes' advance.

A. D. 1815.

But great Napoleon we view,
Vanquished at last at *Waterloo*.

Soothing, healing, cleansing. DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve is the implacable enemy of sores, burns and wounds. It never fails to cure Piles. You may rely upon it. A. B. Gillam and J. O. Heaton.

Don Juan Knight, the richest man in Central America, was born in slavery on a tobacco plantation in Alabama. A kind master taught him to read. After the war he worked so satisfactorily for a fruit importer in New Orleans that he was sent to Yucatan to represent the firm. There he laid the foundation of a fortune which is now well up among the millions. His fruit lands and mahogany forests in Guatemala cover thousands of acres, and one of his superintendents is the son of the old white master who taught him to read and write.

A cough is not like a fever. It does not have to run a certain course. Cure it quickly and effectually with One Minute Cough Cure, the best remedy for all ages and for the most severe cases. We recommend it because it's good. A. B. Gillam and J. O. Heaton.

Dan and Mose, neither of them noted for erudition, were partners in an enterprise which it is needless to specify. One morning a customer called to settle a small bill, and after handing over the money asked for a receipt.

Mose retired to the privacy of an inner room, and after a long delay returned with a slip of paper on which were written these words:

We've got our pay. Me and Dan.

The sooner a cough or cold is cured without harm to the sufferer the better. Lingering colds are dangerous. Hacking cough is distressing. One Minute Cough Cure quickly cures it. Why suffer when such a cough cure is within reach? It is pleasant to the taste. A. B. Gillam and J. O. Heaton.

Patriotic Customer—"Yes, I'd like to buy that flag you just showed me, b utthe price is too high. Can't you come down a couple of dollars?"

Dealer—"What! Lower Old Glory? Never!"

When you have eaten too much, or when you suffer from any form of Dyspepsia or Indigestion, remember that Kodol Dyspepsia Cure digests what you eat. It cures the worst forms of Dyspepsia. A. B. Gillam and J. O. Heaton.

To Florida Resorts.

The Plant System reaches the finest resorts in Florida, Cuba, Jamaica and Porto Rico. Tickets by both rail and water from the East. Five steamships weekly between Port Tampa, Key West and Havana. Beautifully illustrated literature, maps, rates, etc., upon application to J. J. Farnsworth, Eastern Pass. Agent, Plant System, 261 Broadway, New York.

The average length of a whale's jawbone is seven feet.

Beauty Is Blood Deep.

Clean blood means a clean skin. No beauty without it. Cascarets, Candy Cathartic clean your blood and keep it clean, by stirring up the lazy liver and driving all impurities from the body. Begin to-day to banish pimples, boils, blotches, blackheads, and that sickly bilious complexion by taking Cascarets,—beauty for ten cents. All druggists, satisfaction guaranteed, 10c, 25c, 50c.

About 65,000,000 pounds of beet sugar were raised in California last year.

"Better Be Wise Than Rich."

Wise people are also rich when they know a perfect remedy for all annoying diseases of the blood, kidneys, liver and bowels. It is Hood's Sarsaparilla, which is perfect in its action. It so regulates the entire system as to bring vigorous health. It never disappoints.

Goitre—"For 42 years I had goitre, or swellings on my neck, which was discouraging and troublesome. Rheumatism also annoyed me. Hood's Sarsaparilla cured me completely and the swelling has entirely disappeard. A lady in Michigan saw my previous testimonial and used Hood's and was entirely cured of the same trouble. She thanked me for recommending it." MRS. ANNA SUTHERLAND, 406 Lovel Street, Kalamazoo, Mich.

Poor Health—"Had poor health for years, pains in shoulders, back and hips, with constant headache, nervousness and no appetite. Used Hood's Sarsaparilla, gained strength and can work hard all day; eat heartily and sleep well. I took it because it helped my husband." MRS. ELIZABETH J. GIFFELS, Moose Lake, Minn.

Makes Weak Strong—"I would give $5 a bottle for Hood's Sarsaparilla if I could not get it for less. It is the best spring medicine. It makes the weak strong." ALBERT A. JAGNOW, Douglastown, N. Y.

Hood's Sarsaparilla
Never Disappoints

Hood's Pills cure liver ills; non-irritating and the only cathartic to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

DO YOU COUGH
DON'T DELAY
TAKE
KEMP'S
BALSAM
THE BEST COUGH CURE

It cures Colds, Coughs, Sore Throat, Croup, Influenza, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis and Asthma. A certain cure for Consumption in first stages, and a sure relief in advanced stages. Use at once. You will see the excellent effect after taking the first dose. Sold by dealers everywhere. Large bottles 50 cents and $1.00.

Loaded Down.

The air is loaded down with pains and aches, and some systems take them in like a sponge. St. Jacobs Oil rubbed in will take the pain away and leave a cure.

The French Canadians comprise thirty per cent. of the entire population of the Dominion.

Beware of Ointments for Catarrh That Contain Mercury.

as mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is ten fold to the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., contains no mercury, and is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure to get the genuine. It is taken internally, and is made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co. Testimonials free.
Sold by Druggists; price, 75c. per bottle.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

There were 25,043 marriages in Indiana last year.

Lane's Family Medicine.

Moves the bowels each day. In order to be healthy this is necessary. Acts gently on the liver and kidneys. Cures sick headache. Price 25 and 50c.

It is estimated that New York City expends $25,000,000 a year in charity.

To Cure a Cold in One Day.

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. 25c.

Out of every million persons 12,000 die from gout.

Educate Your Bowels With Cascarets.

Candy Cathartic, cure constipation forever. 10c, 25c. If C. C. C. fail, druggists refund money.

Great Britain and Ireland have an orchard area of 226,059 acres.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a bottle

In Iloilo, Philippine Islands, there is not a hotel or a public conveyance.

I cannot speak too highly of Piso's Cure for Consumption.—Mrs. FRANK MOBBS, 215 W. 22d St., New York, Oct. 29, 1894.

At the recent Paris show 1153 different motor carriages were exhibited.

The Year Round.

All the year around chronic or neglected rheumatism hangs on. It is worse in chilly, damp weather, but never so bad that St. Jacobs Oil can't promptly cure it.

A Bank of Brides.

Simla, the summer capital of the Indian Empire, is a pretty pine-treed place well up in the foothills of the Himalayas. A feature of Simla life is the annual fair held by the native hills people, an attractive item of which is a "Bank of Brides" in an amphitheatre, where sit numbers of young women who thus calmly announce that they are candidates for hymeneal honors. Some of these aspirants to matrimony so patiently awaiting a choosing are quite pretty, and have intelligent faces; but those of Mongol caste must needs linger long for a partner, if personal beauty enters into the equation.—Woman's Home Companion.

Caribou Blinded by Duelling.

The Indian guide Jim Paul was once hunting on the Gaspereaux plains, New Brunswick, when he saw a large bull caribou coming straight toward him through a clump of stunted spruce. The animal frequently collided with the trees and seemed to take no notice of the Indian. "Sartin," said Jim. "I tink dat caribou was drunk. Bambye when he git pretty close I shoot him. Sartin he was mighty ole caribou, for he was blind and had no teeth and no horns." In the mating season it is not uncommon for caribou males to be blinded by thrusts received in their furious duels for the mastery of the herd.

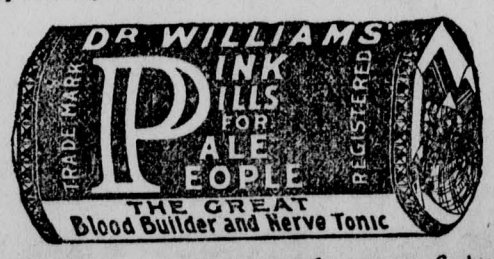
Locomotor Ataxia and Paralysis Can be Cured.

These extreme nervous disorders were treated with wonderful success by the discoverer of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People, previous to his discovery being offered to the public generally. This remedy is the only known specific in many diseases that, until recent years, were pronounced incurable. Here is the proof:

James Crocket, a sturdy old Scotchman living in Detroit, Mich, at 88 Montcalm St., was cured of Locomotor Ataxia by these pills. For many years he has been a chief engineer of one of those big passenger palace steamers plying upon the great lakes. This is a position of great responsibility and the anxiety causes a great nervous strain. Mr. Crocket says: "For fifteen years I watched the big engines and boilers without a single accident, and only noticed that I was getting nervous. Suddenly without warning I was taken sick, and was prostrated. I had the best of physicians but grew gradually worse. At a council of doctors, they said I had nervous prostration, and had destroyed my whole nervous system and would never recover. For three years I was unable to move from my bed. The doctor said I had locomotor ataxia, and would never be able to walk again.

"The pains and suffering I experienced during those years are almost indescribable. The friends that came to see me bid me good-bye when they left me and I was given up. The doctors said nothing more could be done. My wife kept reading to me, articles about Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. We finally decided to try them. The first box gave me relief. I continued to use them for about two years before I could get strength enough to walk. I am nearly seventy-five years old and there is not a man in this city that can kick higher or walk further than I can and to-day I owe my present good health to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People for they saved my life."—*Detroit Evening News.*

The Genuine are sold only in Packages Like This



50 cents per box at all druggists or sent direct by mail.

Address the DR. WILLIAMS' MEDICINE COMPANY, Schenectady, N.Y.

DR. TALMAGE'S SERMON.

SUNDAY'S DISCOURSE BY THE NOTED DIVINE.

Subject: "The Housewife's Perplexities"—Lessons Drawn From the Episode of Martha and Mary—Daily Trials Prepare One For Future Blessings.

TEXT: "Lord, dost Thou not care that my sister hath left me to serve alone? Bid her therefore that she help me."—Luke x., 40.

Yonder is a beautiful village homestead. The man of the house is dead and his widow has charge of the premises. It is Widow Martha, of Bethany. Yes, I will show you also the pet of the household. It is Mary, the younger sister, with a book under her arm, and in her face no sign of care or anxiety about anything. Company has come. Christ's appearing at the outside of the door makes some excitement inside the door. The sisters set back the disarranged furniture, arrange their hair, and in a flash prepare to open the door. They do not keep Christ waiting outside until they have newly appareled themselves or elaborately arranged their tresses, and then with affected surprise come out and, pretending not to have heard the two or three previous knockings, say, "Why, is that you?" No, they were ladies, and always presentable, although perhaps they had not on their best. None of us always have on our best. Otherwise very soon our best would not be worth having on. They throw open the door and greet Christ. They say: "Good morning, Master! Come in and be seated!" Christ brought a company of friends with Him, and the influx of so many city visitors, you do not wonder, threw the country home into some perturbation. I suppose the walk from the city had been a keen appetizer. The kitchen department that day was a very important department, and I think as soon as Martha had greeted her guests she went to that room. Mary had no anxiety about the dinner. She had full confidence that her sister Martha could get up the best dinner in Bethany, and she practically said: "Now, let us have a division of labor. Martha, you cook and I'll sit down and learn."

The same difference you now sometimes see between sisters. There is Martha, industrious, painstaking, a good manager, ever inventive of some new pastry, discovering something in household affairs. Here is Mary, fond of conversation, literary, so full of questions of ethics she has no time to discuss questions of household welfare. It is noon. Mary is in the parlor. Martha is in the kitchen. It would have been better for them to have divided the toil, and then they could have divided the opportunity of listening to Christ. But Mary monopolizes Christ, while Martha swelters before the fire. It was very important that they have a good dinner that day, for Christ was hungry, and He did not often have luxurious entertainment. Alas, me, if all the responsibility of that entertainment had rested with Mary! What a repast they would have had! But something went wrong in the kitchen. Either the fire would not burn or the bread would not bake or something was turned black that ought to have been only turned brown, or Martha scalded herself, and, forgetting all the proprieties of the occasion, with besweated brow she rushed out of the kitchen into the parlor, perhaps with tongs in one hand and pitcher in the other, and she cried out: "Lord, dost Thou not care that my sister has left me to serve alone? Bid her therefore that she help me." Christ scolded not a word. If it were scolding, I would rather have Him scold me than anybody else bless me. There was nothing acerb in the Saviour's reply. He knew that Martha had been working herself almost to death to get Him something to eat, but He appreciated her kindness, and He practically said: "My dear woman, do not worry. Let the dinner go. Sit down here on this couch beside your younger sister, Mary. Let us talk about something else. Martha, Martha, thou art careful and troubled about many things, but one thing is needful."

As Martha throws open the door I look in to-day, and I see a great many household anxieties, perplexities, fatigues and trials, and about them I am going to speak if the Lord of Mary and Martha and Lazarus will help me by His grace.

As I look into that door, in the first place, I see the trial of nonappreciation. That was what made Martha so vexed at Mary. Mary, the younger sister, had no proper estimate of the elder sister's fatigue. Just as now men having annoyances of store and factory and shop, or at the Stock Exchange, come home at night and hear of some household annoyance, and they say, "Oh, that's nothing! You ought to be in a factory a day and have ten or fifteen or twenty or 100 subordinates. Then you would know something about annoyance and trouble." Oh, man, let me tell you that a wife and a mother has to conduct at the same time a university, a clothing establishment, a restaurant, a laundry, a library, and has to be health officer, police and president of the whole realm! She has to do a thousand things, and to do them well, in order to make things go smoothly, and that is what puts the awful tax on a woman's nerves and a woman's brain. I know there are exceptions to the rule. Sometimes you will find a woman who can sit in the arm-chair of the library all day without any anxiety, or tarry on the belated pillow, and all the cares of the household are thrown upon servants who have large wages and great experience; but that is the exception. I speak of the great masses of housekeepers, to whom life is a struggle, and who at thirty years of age look as though they were forty. The fallen at Chalons and Austerlitz and Gettysburg and Waterloo are a small number in comparison with those who have gone down under the Armageddon of the kitchen. Go out to the country and look over the epitaphs on the tombstones. They are all beautiful and poetic, but if the tombstones could tell the truth thousands of them would say, "Here lies a woman who was killed by too much mending and sewing and baking and scouring and scrubing," and the weapon with which she was killed was a broom or a sewing machine or a ladle.

The housewife rises in the morning half-rested. At an irrevocable hour she must have the morning repast ready. What if the fire will not burn, what if the clock stop, what if the marketing has not been sent in? No matter that; it must be ready at the irrevocable hour. Then the children must be got ready for school. But what if the garments be torn? What if they do not know their lessons? What if the hat or sash is lost? They must be ready. Then you have the duty of the day, or perhaps several days, to plan out. But what if the butcher sends meat unmasticable? What if the grocer furnishes your articles of food adulterated? What if the piece of silver be lost, or a favorite chalice be broken, or the roof leak, or the plumbing fail, or any one of a thousand things occur? No matter. Everything must be ready. The spring is coming and there must be a revolution in the family wardrobe, or the autumn is at hand, and you must shut out the northern blast. But how if the moth has preceded you to the chest? How if the garments of the last year do not fit the children now? What if all the fashions have changed?

A young woman of brilliant education and prosperous surroundings was called down stairs to help in the absence of the servant, and there was a ring at the bell, and she went to the door and an admirer entered. He said: "I thought I heard music in the house. Was it on the piano or the harp?" She said: "Neither; it was a frying pan accompaniment to a gridiron! In other words, I was called down stairs to help. I suppose some time I shall have to learn, and I have begun now." When will the world learn that every kind of work that is right is honorable?

As Martha opens the door I look in and I also see the trial of severe economy. Nine hundred and ninety-nine households out of a thousand are subjected to it either under the greater or less stress of circumstances. It is especially so when a man smokes expensive cigars and dines at costly restaurants. He will be very apt to enjoin severe economy at home. That is what kills thousands of women—the attempt to make $5 do the work of $7. It is amazing how some men dole out money to the household. If you have not got the money, say so. If you have, be cheerful in the expenditure. Your wife will be reasonable. "How long does the honeymoon last?" said a young woman about to enter the married state to her mother. The mother answered: "The honeymoon lasts until you ask your husband for money." "How much do you want?" "A dollar." "A dollar! Can't you get along with fifty cents? You are always wanting a dollar." This thirty years' war against high prices, this everlasting attempt to bring the outgo within the income, has exhausted multitudes of housekeepers. Let me say to such, it is a part of the divine discipline. If it were best for you, all you would have to do would be just to open the front windows and the ravens would fly in with food, and after you had baked fifty times from the barrel in the pantry, like the barrel of Zarephath, the barrel would be full, and the children's shoes would last as long as the shoes of the Israelites in the wilderness—forty years.

Oh, my friends, all these trials and fatigues of home life are to prepare you for heaven, for they will make that the brighter in the contrast! A dying soldier was asked by a friend, "Have you any message to send to your father?" "Yes," said he; "tell him I have gone home." "Well," said the friend, "have you any message to send to your wife?" "Yes; tell her I have gone home." "You have other friends. Would you like to send a message to them?" "Yes; give them the same message. They will understand it. Tell them I have gone home." And that heavenly home will compensate, will fully atone, for all the hardships and the trials and the annoyances and the vexations of the earthly home. In that land they never hunger, and consequently there will be no nuisance of catering for appetite. In that land of the white robes they have no mending to do, and the air of that hilly country makes them all well. No rent to pay there. Every man owns his own house, and a mansion at that. It will not be so great a change to step into the chariot of the skies if on earth you rode. It will not be so great a change if on earth you had all luxuries and satisfactions. It will not be so great a change for you to sit down on the banks of the river of life if on earth you had a country seat.

Solomon wrote out of his own miserable experience—he had a wretched home; no man can be happy with two wives, much less with 700, and out of his wretched experience he wrote—"Better is a dinner of herbs where love is than a stalled ox and hatred therewith." Oh, the responsibilities of housekeepers! Kings by their indigestion have lost empires and generals through indigestion have lost battles. One of the great statisticians says that out of 1000 unmarried men thirty were criminals, and out of 1000 married men only eighteen were criminals, showing the power of home. And, oh, the responsibility resting upon housekeepers! By the food they provide, by the couch they spread, by the books they introduce, by the influence they bring around the home, they are helping to decide the physical, the intellectual, the moral, the eternal welfare of the human race. Oh, the responsibility!

That woman sits in the house of God to-day perhaps entirely unappreciated. She is the banker of her home, the president, the cashier, the teller, the discount clerk, and ever and anon there is a panic. God knows the anxieties and the cares, and he knows that this is not a useless sermon, but that there are multitudes of hearts waiting for the distillation of the divine mercy and solace in their hour of trials and their home duties and their own fatigues. The world hears nothing about them. They never speak about them. You could not with the agencies of an inquisition bring the truth out of them. They keep it still. They say nothing. They endure and will until God and the judgment right their wrongs.

It is the self sacrificing people that are happy, for God pays so largely, so gloriously, so magnificently, in the deep and eternal satisfactions of the soul. Self sacrifice! We all admire it in others. How little we exercise of it! How much would we endure? How much would we risk for others? A very rough schoolmaster had a poor lad that had offended the laws of the school, and he ordered him to come up. "Now," he said, "you take off your coat instantly and receive this whip." The boy declined, and more vehemently the teacher said, "I tell you, now, take off your coat. Take it off instantly." The boy again declined. It was not because he was afraid of the lash; he was used to that in his cruel home. But it was for shame. He had no undergarments, and when at last he removed his coat there went up a sob of emotion all through the school as they saw why he did not wish to remove his coat, and as they saw the shoulder blades almost cutting through the skin. As the schoolmaster lifted his whip to strike a roseate, healthy boy leaped up and said: "Stop schoolmaster; whip me. He is only a poor chap; he can't stand it. Whip me." "Oh," said the teacher, "it's going to be a very severe scourging! But if you want to take the position of a substitute, you can do it." The boy said: "I don't care; whip me. I'll take it; he's only a poor chap. Don't you see the bones almost come through the flesh? Whip me." And when the blows came down on the boy's shoulders, this healthy, robust lad made no outcry; he endured it all uncomplainingly. We all say "Bravo!" for that lad. Bravo! That is the spirit of Christ! Splendid! How much scourging, how much chastisement, how much anguish will you and I take for others? Oh, that we might have something of that boy's spirit! Aye, that we might have something of the spirit of Jesus Christ; for in all our occupations and trades and businesses, and all our life—home life, foreign life—we are to remember that the sacrifice for others will soon be over.

Two Newark Girls Suffocated by Gas.

A leaky gas tube running from a gas fixture to a gas stove used to heat their room caused the death of Pauline Handler, eighteen years old, and Julia Sovna, sixteen years old, in Newark, N. J., a few nights ago. The girls were employed as servants in the house of Isadore Siegel.

It Hangs On

If it was only health, we might let it cling.

But it is a cough. One cold no sooner passes off before another comes. But it's the same old cough all the time.

And it's the same old story, too. There is first the cold, then the cough, then pneumonia or consumption with the long sickness, and life trembling in the balance.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

loosens the grasp of your cough. The congestion of the throat and lungs is removed; all inflammation is subdued; the parts are put perfectly at rest and the cough drops away. It has no diseased tissues on which to hang.

Dr. Ayer's Cherry Pectoral Plaster

draws out inflammation of the lungs.

Advice Free.

Remember we have a Medical Department. If you have any complaint whatever and desire the best medical advice you can possibly obtain, write the doctor freely. You will receive a prompt reply, without cost.
Address, DR. J. C. AYER,
Lowell. Mass.

BAD BLOOD

"CASCARETS do all claimed for them and are a truly wonderful medicine. I have often wished for a medicine pleasant to take and at last have found it in Cascarets. Since taking them, my blood has been purified and my complexion has improved wonderfully and I feel much better in every way." MRS. SALLIE E. SELLARS, Luttrell, Tenn.

CANDY CATHARTIC
Cascarets
TRADE MARK REGISTERED.
REGULATE THE LIVER

Pleasant. Palatable. Potent. Taste Good. Do Good, Never Sicken. Weaken, or Gripe. 10c, 25c. 50c.
... CURE CONSTIPATION. ...
Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago, Montreal, New York. 319

NO-TO-BAC Sold and guaranteed by all druggists to CURE Tobacco Habit.

What Our Knowledge is Good For.

The attainment of skill is the alpha as it is the omega of science. It was the attempt to gain perfection in his every-day work that led primeval man to take the first steps in that great movement of which the fruition appears in the final development of our modern universities. For a man of highest culture, also, the end and object of study is, as Aristotle teaches us, not the attainment of knowledge, bvt the perfecting of conduct, and this is true not only when we conceive of conduct as our action in relation to other men, but also if we look upon it as action in relation to the objects and conditions which surround us. — From "The Field of Art" in Scribner's.

The Marine Corps' Motto.

The motto of the marine corps is "Semper Fidelis"—always faithful. From the establishment of the corps during the revolution up to the present time the marines have nobly lived up to this motto, and have upon countless occasions shed luster upon the glory of American arms. To-day all the world knows of the brilliancy of their exploits at Guantanamo. The heroism they displayed there in the face of overwhelming odds is characteristic of the marines.—New York Sun.

Not Quite Useless.

The eminent surgeon closed his pocketbook with a snap on the $100 fee a wealthy patient had just paid him for a successful operation for appendicitis.

"Tell me the appendix vermiform is a useless organ, will you?" he soliloquized.—Chicago Tribune.

The French Government taxes every ticket sold by a railway company. All the railways in France are run on Paris time.

The Lutherans in the United States have about 4000 congregations, 3000 ministers and a membership of 600,000.

THE WAR INVESTIGATING COMMITTEE.

(Colonel James A. Sexton died in Washington a few days ago from an attack of the grip.)

THE WAR INVESTIGATION

Miles's Strictures on the Army Beef Severely Criticised.

GENERAL'S CHARGES DISMISSED.

The Testimony of General Miles and Major Daly Not Credited by the War Investigating Committee—The Report Finds That the War Department Did all That It Could During the War.

WASHINGTON, D. C. (Special).—The War Investigating Commission has completed its labors, and its report is now in the hands of the President. The report makes an important feature of the beef scandal, and dismisses as a general proposition the charges that have been made against the beef furnished to the army. It finds that most of the beef was such as could be properly furnished as an emergency ration, pointing out that the evidence showed it was never intended to be anything but an emergency ration. It says there were only two witnesses who really testified against the beef, General Miles and Major Daly, the chief surgeon, who made the report regarded as the most sensational forwarded to the Commission by General Miles. As to the testimony of these two witnesses, the Commission, goes on to point out the mass of evidence submitted to the contrary as offsetting this testimony.

As to such of the canned beef as was found to be objectionable, the Commission points out the effect of the tropical climate in producing liquefaction of the fat in the meat and the consequent rendering of the contents of the cans unpalatable. Most of the beef, though, is found to have been satisfactory for emergency use, where fresh beef or beef on the hoof could not be procured. The strictures of General Miles made publicly on the beef and his public expressions in other ways are subjected to severe criticism.

The report finds that the statements of chemical treatment made by General Miles on the authority of Major Daly, are not borne out by the chemical experts, who were also placed on the stand. It quotes from Major Daly's testimony, and then takes up the testimony of Professors Clarke, of the Geological Survey, and Bigelow, of the Agricultural Department, who made analyses of the beef submitted, and finds that, as a chemical expert, Major Daly is not supported by other authorities, and that, therefore, his testimony is regarded as not worthy of credence.

The methods and manner of loading the transports in General Shafter's Cuban expedition are also discussed, and responsibility is placed for the results. There are also some recommendations as to the organization of certain branches of the army, but the recommendations are not radical. As to the administration and conduct of the war, the conclusions of the Commission are understood to be that everything possible was done by the Department in the limited time at its command in making preparations for the war, and the report says that the conduct of the war not only resulted successfully, but is worthy of great commendation.

The report says that the evidence before that Commission shows that Secretary Alger exercised proper diligence and supervision, and that his subordinates also were efficient, experienced and faithful. The Commission is a unit in its findings, and there is no minority report.

At the outset the Commission divided itself into sub-committees for the separate consideration of designated branches of the main subject of inquiry. These sub-reports were added to the principal statement of conclusions handed to the President.

The report of the Commission is a document of 150 printed pages, Each member has a copy to retain, and arrangements have been made so that the President will have as many copies as he wishes when he makes the document public.

Havana's American Postoffice.

A genuine American postoffice has been secured for Havana, Cuba.

KENTUCKY TOWN STRICKEN.

Old and Young in Morgantown Victims of a Spotted Fever Epidemic.

LEXINGTON, Ky. (Special).—A letter to the Daily Leader from Morgantown, the county seat of Butler County, on the Green River, in the western part of Kentucky, fifteen miles from any railroad, says an epidemic of spotted fever, or spinal meningitis, is raging there, old and young dying rapidly. It is impossible to estimate how many have died, and there is no one to report the true condition. It is known here that there are no longer any coffins in the place in which to bury the dead. The people are panic stricken and fleeing in all directions. It is reported that there are now only a few left to nurse those who are stricken and are helpless.

The female seminary and the public schools are closed, and the pupils all hurried away to their respective homes. The physicians have been doing heroic work, but seem powerless to check the disease. Attorney-General Taylor, whose home is at Morgantown, and Circuit Judge Settles went there from Frankfort on a boat, via Bowling Green a few days ago to open court but they found the country is such a panic that they did not leave the boat, and the Judge sent word that the term of court had been indefinitely postponed. Many people escaped from the place on this boat.

Morgantown contains 1100 inhabitants.

UP THE ORINOCO.

The Gunboat Wilmington Carries the Flag Into the Heart of Venezuela.

CARACAS, Venezuela (By Cable).—The United States gunboat Wilmington, with F. B. Loomis, the United States Minister to Venezuela, on board, has touched at Ciudad Bolivar and gone far up the Orinoco on her long journey of commercial exploration up that river.

On January 21 the Wilmington left Trinidad, and two days later she crossed the bar at the river's mouth, stopping first at Santa Catalina and arriving at Ciudad Bolivar, capital of State of that name, on January 24. The reception of the Americans there was wildly enthusiastic. Hundreds of people gathered along the bank, shouting "Viva los Estados Unidos!" and "Viva el Ministro Loomis!"

The Wilmington fired a salute in honor of the Venezuelan flag, and Mr. Loomis, accompanied by a number of officers, went ashore to call upon the authorities. They found that a round of festivities had been prepared for them lasting several days.

After spending several days at Ciudad Bolivar the Wilmington weighed anchor and proceeded up the great river, penetrating into the heart of Venezuela. She will go as far as the rapids, the head of navigation, and then return. Minister Loomis expects that much commercial advantage will result from this first visit of a United States war vessel up the Orinoco for a quarter of a century.

KILLS WIFE TO ESCAPE INDIANS.

Rising of Indians in Bolivia Results in a Sensational Tragedy.

LIMA, Peru (By Cable).—To add to the horrors of civil warfare it is now reported from Bolivia that the Indians have risen and are plundering and murdering everywhere.

They have attacked a Chilian mining establishment at Corocoro. The manager, to avoid falling into the marauder's hands, killed his wife and afterward committed suicide. The tragedy caused an immense sensation.

The report that President Alonzo is in retreat with his forces is confirmed. He has retired to Ororo.

There are also rumors of complications between Bolivia and Chile. A body of Chilean troops have gone to Antofagasta, on the Bolivian frontier.

Massacre by Chinese Rebels.

Mail advices on the steamship Empress of China, received at Vancouver, B. C., say that the Hui rebels have seized the district of Chang-To, China, a hundred miles southeast of Ichang. All the officials were massacred and an enormous loot secured. Troops were sent to punish the rebels, but they fled to the mountains.

Queen Regent Convokes the Cortes.

The Queen Regent of Spain has signed the decrees convoking the Cortes on February 20 and re-establishing the constitutional guarantees.

Fun in Sweden.

General Baron Rappe, Swedish Minister of War, has just suffered a penalty for a very amusing slight to royal ceremony. The day before Christmas King Oscar summoned a cabinet council to the palace. At the last moment General Rappe, who is notoriously absent minded, having on his full uniform, as required by the regulations, forgot to put on his plumed chapeau, and hastily clapped his ordinary silk hat on his unfortunate head. No one happened to see him en route till he approached the palace. The King and the rest of the cabinet, looking out of the window, saw the motley War Minister approaching, and burst into loud guffaws at his unceremonious appearance. They chaffed him without mercy, and the King, to censure his absence of mind, put him under a three days' arrest as provided by the military regulations forbidding the wearing of civilian attire in conjunction with military uniform.

Fun on a Battleship.

The wheelbarrow race on board a man-o'-war is ten times as amusing as it is at a country fair. The barrows are in this instance seamen who do not fear a rush of "brains to the head" and do not mind getting down on their hands while their legs are held high in the air and used to propel the owner toward the goal. The rolling of the vessel pitches the wheelbarrow and pusher together in a heap, convulsing the onlookers with laughter.

Wipe Out.

It is the specific virtue of penetration in St. Jacobs Oil which carries it right down to the Sciatic nerve in the cure of Sciatica, and the effect is to soothe the nerve and wipe out the pain.

The shipyards of Great Britain could turn out a big steamship every day of the year.

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away.

To quit tobacco easily and forever, be magnetic, full of life, nerve and vigor, take No-To-Bac, the wonder-worker, that makes weak men strong. All druggists, 50c or $1. Cure guaranteed. Booklet and sample free. Address Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York

The population of the Soudan is numbered at 3,000,000, nearly all wholly uneducated.

Coughs Lead to Consumption.

Kemp's Balsam will stop the cough at once. Go to your druggist to-day and get a sample bottle free. Sold in 25 and 50 cent bottles. Go at once; delays are dangerous.

At present there is only one Protestant church on the whole island of Porto Rico.

Have used Dr. Seth Arnold's Cough Killer for Whooping Cough with good results.—D. C. KEMP, 1375 No. Carey St., Baltimore, Md., July 14, 1898.

Woman's hair usually begins to grow gray when she is about thirty-five.

No-To-Bac for Fifty Cents.

Guaranteed tobacco habit cure, makes weak men strong, blood pure. 50c, $1. All druggists.

The entire population of Canada at the last census was barely 5,000,000.

Fits permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. $2 trial bottle and treatise free DR. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa

It is a felony to run a crap game in Tennessee under a new law.

To Cure Constipation Forever.

Take Cascarets Candy Cathartic. 10c or 25c If C. C. C. fail to cure, druggists refund money

"Benevolent assimilation" has succeeded 'being touched" as common slang.

The public awards the palm to Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar as a cough remedy. Pike's Toothache Drops Cure in one Minute.

In Westminster Abbey 1173 persons have been buried.

THE EXCELLENCE OF SYRUP OF FIGS

is due not only to the originality and simplicity of the combination, but also to the care and skill with which it is manufactured by scientific processes known to the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. only, and we wish to impress upon all the importance of purchasing the true and original remedy. As the genuine Syrup of Figs is manufactured by the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. only, a knowledge of that fact will assist one in avoiding the worthless imitations manufactured by other parties. The high standing of the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. with the medical profession, and the satisfaction which the genuine Syrup of Figs has given to millions of families, makes the name of the Company a guaranty of the excellence of its remedy. It is far in advance of all other laxatives, as it acts on the kidneys, liver and bowels without irritating or weakening them, and it does not gripe nor nauseate. In order to get its beneficial effects, please remember the name of the Company—

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
SAN FRANCISCO, Cal.
LOUISVILLE, Ky. NEW YORK, N. Y.

THE ills of women conspire against domestic harmony. Some derangement of the generative organs is the main cause of most of the unhappiness in the household.

The husband can't understand these troubles. The male physician only knows of them theoretically and scientifically, and finds it hard to cure them.

WOMAN'S PECULIAR ILLS

But there is cure for them, certain, practical and sympathetic. Mrs. Pinkham has been curing these serious ills of women for a quarter of a century. Failure to secure proper advice should not excuse the women of to-day, for the wisest counsel can be had without charge. Write to Mrs. Pinkham for it. Her address is Lynn, Mass.

Among the multitude of women helped by Mrs. Pinkham and by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, is MRS. JOSEPH KING, Sabina, Ohio. She writes:

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM—Will you kindly allow me the pleasure of expressing my gratitude for the wonderful relief I have experienced by taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I suffered for a long time with falling of the womb, and those terrible bearing-down pains, and it seemed as though my back would never stop aching; also had leucorrhœa, dull headaches, could not sleep, was weak and life was a burden to me. I doctored for several years, but it did no good. My husband wanted me to try your medicine, and I am so thankful that I did. I have taken four bottles of the Compound and a box of Liver Pills, and can state that if more ladies would only give your medicine a fair trial they would bless the day they saw your advertisement. My heart is full of gratitude to Mrs. Pinkham for what her medicine has done for me. It is worth its weight in gold."

Beyond Her Capacity.

Pupil—"They don't care to have me take German lessons, Miss Higgins."

Teacher—"Your parents think it is enough for you to talk in your mother tongue, do they?"

Pupil—"I guess so, but I know I can't never learn to talk like mother can."—Chicago Tribune.

Go to your grocer to-day and get a 15c. package of

Grain-O

It takes the place of coffee at ¼ the cost.

Made from pure grains it is nourishing and healthful.

Insist that your grocer gives you GRAIN-O. Accept no imitation.

MILLIONS CAN BE MADE IN WALL ST.

By buying Stocks on a margin, if you only knew how it could be done. Our Treatise on the Market, "HOW TO TRADE WITH SAFETY," which tells you how it is done, will be mailed to you free upon application.

A man with limited means, with a few hundred dollars, can own as many Stocks in proportion as the man who is worth thousands, and the man who takes advantage of the favorable conditions of 1899 in the Stock Market can make himself rich.

We can show the man of limited means how he can make as much money in proportion to his capital as the man who is worth millions.

CHAS. B. TOWNS & CO.
BANKERS,
Stock & Bond Brokers,
32 Broadway, New York.

RHEUMATISM CURED—Sample bottle, 4 days' treatment, postpaid, 10 cents. ALEXANDER REMEDY CO., 246 Greenwich St., N. Y.

MENTION THIS PAPER WHEN REPLYING TO ADVTS. NYNU—7.

If afflicted with sore eyes, use **Thompson's Eye Water**

BUY NORTHERN GROWN SEEDS

FARM SEEDS

Salzer's Seeds are Warranted to Produce.

Mahlon Luther, E. Troy, Pa., astonished the world by growing 250 bushels Big Four Oats; J. Breider, Mishicott, Wis., 173 bush. barley, and H. Lovejoy, Red Wing, Minn., by growing 320 bush. Salzer's corn per acre. If you doubt, write them. We wish to gain 200,000 new customers, hence will send on trial

10 DOLLARS WORTH FOR 10c.

10 pkgs of rare farm seeds, Salt Bush, Rape for Sheep, the $3000 Corn, "Big Four Oats," Beardless Barley, Bromus Inermis—yielding 7 tons hay per acre on dry soils, etc., "40c. Wheat," including our mammoth Seed Catalogue, telling all about our Farm seeds, etc., all mailed you upon receipt of but 10c. postage, positively worth $10, to get a start, **100,000 bbls. Seed Potatoes at $1.20 and up a bbl.**

35 pkgs earliest vegetable seeds, $1.00

JOHN A. SALZER SEED CO. LACROSSE WIS.

Please send this adv. along. Catalog alone, 5c. No. A0

TASTES GOOD CHILDREN LIKE IT

Dr. SETH ARNOLD'S COUGH KILLER

CURES WHEN OTHERS FAIL

ALL DRUGGISTS

25¢ A BOTTLE 25¢ A BOTTLE

Send Postal for Premium List to the Dr. Seth Arnold Medical Corporation, Woonsocket, R. I.

Happy Days

The greatest remedy for **JOHNSON'S**

MALARIA, CHILLS & FEVER, Grippe & Liver Diseases.

KNOWN ALL DRUGGISTS. 35c.

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SAMUEL FRENCH,
26 West 22d Street, - New York City.

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY; gives quick relief and cures worst cases. Book of testimonials and 10 days' treatment Free. Dr. H. H. GREEN'S SONS, Box D, Atlanta, Ga.

WANTED—ase of bad healih that R-I-P-A-N-S will not benefit. Send 5 cts. to Ripans Chemical Co., New York, for 10 samples and 1000 testimonials.

25 CTS. PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. 25 CTS.

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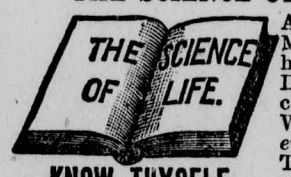
THE GLORY OF MAN!

Strength, Vitality, Manhood.

THE SCIENCE OF LIFE; OR, SELF-PRESERVATION.



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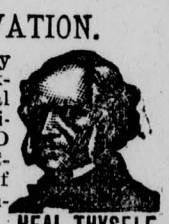
A Great Medical Treatise on Happy Marriages, the cause and cure of Exhausted Vitality, Nervous and Physical Debility, Atrophy (wasting), and Varicocele, also on ALL DISEASES AND WEAKNESSES OF MAN *from whatever cause arising.* True Principles of Treatment. 370 pp. 12mo, with Engravings.



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It Contains 125 Invaluable Prescriptions for acute and chronic diseases. Embossed, full gilt, PRICE ONLY $1 BY MAIL (sealed). (New edition, with latest observations of the author.)

Read this GREAT WORK now and KNOW THYSELF, **for knowledge is power.**

Address The Peabody Medical Institute, No. 4 Bulfinch St., Boston, Mass. (Established in 1860.) Chief Consulting Physician and Author, Graduate of Harvard Medical College, Class 1864. Surgeon Fifth Massachusetts Regiment Vol. **The Most Eminent Specialist in America, who Cures Where Others Fail.** Consultation in person or by letter, 9 to 6; Sundays 10 to 1. Confidential.

The National Medical Association awarded the Gold Medal for this Grand Prize Treatise, which is truly A BOOK FOR EVERY MAN, Young, Middle-aged, or Old, Married or Single.

The Diagnostician, or Know Thyself Manual, a 94-page pamphlet with testimonials and endorsements of the press. Price, 50 cents, but mailed FREE for 60 days. Send now. It is a perfect VADE MECUM and of great value for *WEAK and FAILING MEN* by a Humanitarian and Celebrated Medical Author, distinguished throughout this country and Europe. Address as above. The press everywhere highly endorse the Peabody Medical Institute. Read the following.

The Peabody Medical Institute has been established in Boston 37 years, and the fame which it has attained has subjected it to a test which only a meritorious institution could undergo.—*Boston Journal.*

"The *Peabody Medical Institute* has many imitators, but no equals."—*Boston Herald.*

"Fool's Haste is Nae Speed." Don't Hurry the Work Unless You Use

SAPOLIO

The Mapleton Item

I. N. SWOPE, - - Editor & Proprietor.

THE ITEM" WILL BE PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY AT THE FOLOWING RATES IN ADVANCE:

ONE YEAR,.....$1.00
SIX MONTHS,..... .50
THREE MONTHS,..... .25

Entered at the Post Office at Mapleton Depot, Pa. as second-class matter.

MOUNT UNION.

Samuel Haffly is confined to his residence on Water street with pneumonia.

Dr. W. S. Wilson, of McVeytown, was in town on professional business on Thursday.

The week of prayer was begun in the Presbyterian church of this place on Sunday last.

On account of the severity of the weather, the public schools were closed on Tuesday last.

Miss Hallie Stratford returned on Saturday from a two weeks' visit among friends in Altoona.

M. F. Swope, of Norrace, well known to the citizens of this place, will be a candidate for county commissioner this spring.

Wilson Weller, of this place, who was a patient at the Altoona hospital recently, has been obliged to return on account of a relapse.

Mr. and Mrs. E. Ray Stratford, of Shirley street, are the proud parents of a young Mr. Stratford who arrived on Monday morning, the 13th inst.

Miss Fannie Long, of Huntingdon, once a resident of this place, was in town last week greeting her many friends and acquaintances here.

A four-weeks-old colt on the farm of John Bush about a mile and a half east of town was frozen to death by the severe weather on Friday night last.

O. Wilbur Gayton, of Milwaukee, Wis., a former resident of this place and well known to all of our citizens, is a visitor in town among his numerous friends and relatives.

Lincoln's birthday, which occurred on the 12th inst., was not generally observed in this place, the bank being the only public institution to close on Monday in observance of the holiday.

Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Hart and Miss Edna Hart and R. J. Faust, Jr., attended the funeral of Mrs. Elizabeth Soller, in Altoona, on Wednesday last, returning on Thursday morning.

Mr. and Mrs. T. C. McGowan were visitors in Orbisonia last week attending the funeral of Mr. McGowan's uncle, Washington McGowan, who died last week at his home in the above-mentioned town. The deceased was one of Orbisonia's oldest citizens.

Dr. Samuel Gregory, of this place, is the physician attending the case of diphtheria in the family of Jas. M. Shaver, instead of Dr. F. L. Schum, of Huntingdon, as stated in these columns last week. The child afflicted is getting well as fast as the circumstances of the case will permit and high hopes are entertained for his ultimate recovery. Diphtheria anti-toxin is being used.

A cold wave following the snow of last week, accompanied by high winds, pushed the temperature down uncomfortably near zero for a few days. *** A regular blizzard settled on this town and vicinity, beginning on Monday morning, which included high winds, zero temperature and plenty of snow, drifting so badly by times as to render traveling either by foot or by conveyance impossible. Trains on the P. R. R. from the east were eight to ten hours late and sometimes annulled altogether. The E. B. T. R. R. ran their trains a little nearer schedule time. Out-door work of all kinds was suspended except the efforts of the railroad men to keep the tracks open, which met with indifferent success. *** Saturday morning the temperature in this place registered 18 degrees below zero, which is a record breaker and should satisfy the most exacting citizen who wished for an old-fashioned winter.

Sale Register.

THURSDAY, March 2nd—D. F. Shope, administrator of the estate of John M. Fulton, deceased, will commence the sale of store goods and store fixtures at Saltillo. Sale will continue day and evening until stock is disposed of.

THURSDAY, March 16th—Joshua Gosnell will sell in Cass township one and one-half miles north of Cassville, 4 horses, 5 head cattle, sheep, wagons, harness, sled, harrows, stump puller, mower, hay rake, windmill, cultivator, plows, chains and all other farming implements. Sale will commence at 10 o'clock. J. G. Allison, auctioneer.

Court Notes.

Regular session of February term of court opened Monday afternoon of last week at 1.15 o'clock, President Judge Jno. M. Bailey and Associate Judges W. H. Benson and E. O. Rogers on the bench. The following motions and petitions were presented:

Forty-five constables were sworn to their returns.

The grand jury was sworn with M. S. McNeal, of Saltillo, as foreman.

H. H. Isenberg appointed constable for grand jury and William Kays and Jacob Isenberg for petit juries.

Rule on heirs of David Hicks, late of Dublin township, deceased, to accept or refuse real estate at valuation was returned and the real estate taken by Sarah Ellen McGee.

Rule awarded to show cause why Robert M. Martin should not be discharged as executor of M. J. Martin, late of Tod township, dec'd.

Citation granted against Eli E. Shore, administrator of Augustus K. Greene, late of Saltillo, deceased, to file an account.

Report of T. W. Myton, Esq., auditor to distribute balance in hands of T. A. Appleby, assignee of Alfred Simons, of Mount Union, confirmed nisi.

Appointment of J. F. Schock, Esq., commissioner in divorce in case of Mary E. Miller vs. Jas. W. Miller was continued.

Rule on heirs of W. R. Thompson, late of Jackson township, deceased, returned and proceedings in partition discontinued.

Rule on heirs returned in the estate of John W. Russell, late of Hopewell township, deceased, and the real estate decreed to Isaac Russell and James Russell.

Under libel in divorce, John Werba vs. Anna Werba, answer of respondent filed, issue awarded and rule granted to show cause why alimony and attorneys fees should not be allowed.

Order to sell real estate of Dyson F. Duffey, late of Springfield township, deceased, continued.

Alias citation awarded on D. A. Charlton, guardian of Rilla Greene, to file an account.

In estate of Abner Stapleton, late of Cass township, deceased, sale of real estate awarded.

Rule awarded to show cause why J. R. Simpson, Esq., administrator of John Armitage, late of the borough of Huntingdon, deceased, should not file an account.

Report of W. J. Forbes, Esq., auditor appointed to distribute funds in hands of E. S. McMurtrie, Esq., trustee for Daniel Whittaker deceased, confirmed nisi.

Inquest on real estate of Asher Drake, late of Dublin township, deceased, confirmed nisi and rule on heirs awarded.

Return of sale of real estate of John Shoop, late of Union township, deceased, confirmed nisi.

Report of reviewers for private road in Franklin township, confirmed nisi.

Subpoena in divorce awarded in case of Ella S. McNerland vs. T. J. McNerland.

In estate of C. J. Brown, deceased, late of Orbisonia, appointment of R. W. Williamson, Esq., as auditor, continued.

Subpoena in divorce awarded in case of Mary E. Noland vs. George Crawford.

Order of sale of real estate of John Foreman, late of Dublin township, deceased, continued.

Geo. W. Snrankle appointed guardian for Olive Houseman, of Alexandria.

In re estate of William Vaughn, late of Tell townseip, deceased. Inquest on real estate confirmed and rule on heirs awarded.

In re estate of J. W. Cisney, late of Tell township, deceased. Inquest on real estate confirmed and rule on heirs awarded.

Jesse O. McClain assignee of August J. Roache, of Carbon township, ordered to sell real estate to pay debts.

Report of viewers adverse to laying out and vacating road near Neff's bridge in Porter township, confirmed nisi.

Report of viewers to view and vacate road in Jackson township, confirmed nisi.

Board of viewers for road in Warriorsmark township continued.

E. S. Heeter appointed Inspector of Election for borough of Three Springs.

Arthur Heckert discharged from jail under insolvent laws.

Sale of real estate of Edward Gerlach, late of the borough of Huntingdon, deceased awarded for payment of debts.

Sale of additional real estate of S. B. Patterson, late of Warriorsmark township, deceased, awarded for payment of debts.

In re estate of Elizabeth Smith, late of Union township, deceased. Inquest confirmed and rule on heirs awarded.

W. B. Simpson, Esq., appointed auditor on the account of Samuel Ralston, assignee of S. F. Krider of Warriorsmark.

Rule to show cause why Geo. W. Bridenbaugh, guardian of Frank Grove, of Penn township, should not be discharged.

Sale of real estate of Harriet N. Simpson, late of Warriorsmark township, deceased, awarded for payment of debts.

In re Benner R. Myton vs. Jas. A. Wilson. Plaintiff's replication filed by leave of court.

In re H. H. Mateer & Son for use of W. McK. Williamson vs. Geo. P. Kough. Motion filed for judgment for want of affidavit of defence.

In re Annie M. Kyper vs. H. S. Lang. Plaintiff directed to pay bill of costs or attachments to issue.

The following opinions were handed down:

In re estatd of John H. Montz, late of Juniata township, deceased, to show cause why real estate should not be sold was discharged.

In re Thomas W. Cisney vs. The Penna. Sewer Pipe Co., Limited. New trial refused.

In the matter of the report of viewers for bridge over 100 Springs run in Warriorsmark township. Report set aside for want of notice to county commissioners.

In the matter of the report of J. C. Jackson, Esq., auditor to determine exceptions to the report of the auditors of Carbon township. Exceptions to report of Mr. Jackson overruled and report confirmed.

John Brown plead guilty to larceny of a pair of trousers from house of William Moore at Cornprobst Mills. Sentenced to pay costs, $5.00 fine and eight months in jail.

Com. vs. Hamilton Beatty. Assault and battery. True bill. This case was tried Tuesday morning. Mr. Beatty is a school teacher in Shirley township, and having some difficulty with the children of Mrs. Anna Collins, upon a visit of the latter to his school to settle the dispute, ejected her from the room, after considerable discussion and disturbance. The jury found the defendant not guilty, but imposed one-third of the costs upon him and the other two-thirds upon the prosecutrix.

Com. vs. Alexander Gettys. Carrying concealed weapons. True bill. This case was amicably settled by the parties.

Roy Crawford plead guilty to f. and b. Usual sentence imposed.

William Corneally, who plead guilty to assoult and battery at Spruce Creek, upon two counts, was sentenced to pay $10 fine, costs, and to serve six months in jail.

Theodore Ream, convicted of malicious mischief for reckless driving and injury to the buggy of S. A. Norris, Shirley township, was sentenced to pay costs, $5 fine and to serve 90 days in jail.

George Goodman, convicted of receiving goods stolen from cabin of Mr. Wagner in Franklin township, $10 fine, costs and 9 months in jail.

Ed. Hicks, of Orbisonia, who plead guilty to larceny of four chickens, $5 fine, costs and six months in jail.

James Kirkpatrick, of Franklin county, who plead guilty to forgery and uttering and publishing two notes at the Orbisonia bank, was sentenced to serve two years and six months in the western penitentiary in one case and two years and seven months in the other case.

The viewers appointed to assess damages sustained by John Jeffries, of Dublin township, in the taking of land by the Tuscarora Valley railroad, filed their report, awarding $800 to the plaintiff.

Rule awarded to show cause why balance of legacy due Martha Bell Vaughn, under will of Richard Silverthorn, late of Tell township, deceased, should not be charged upon real estate devised to Charles Silverthorn.

Elmer E. Sorrick was appointed guardian for minor children of Samuel B. Sorrick, deceased, late of Marklesburg.

Thursday and Friday were occupied in the trial of the civil case of C. S. Smith, of Union township, vs. George W. Querry, of Rockhill. In November, 1897, the parties entered into an agreement under which defendant set a saw mill on land of plaintiff to saw the timber thereon, the plaintiff agreeing to keep the mill supplied sufficiently to run two weeks in succession. In Febouary, 1898, the mill was removed, defendant alleging that plaintiff failed to do his part of the agreement. The action was brought to recover for damages sustained by plaintiff in loss of cut timber, etc. The jury found for the plaintiff in the sum of $30.

A Word to Farmers.

Farmers and others desiring to purchase fruit or ornamental trees are urged to correspond with me before purchasing. The stock I have sold in this county in the past years has proven true to name and the trees were healthy. This ought to be convincing evidence that it is better to buy from reliable home agents than from strangers. I intend canvassing the county thoroughly this season and want your patronage.

L. C. CORBIN,
9-28-98. tf Huntingdon, Pa

An Honest Medicine for La Grippe.

George W. Waitt, of South Gardiner, Me., says: "I have had the worst cough, cold, chills and grip and have taken lots of trash of no account but profit to the vendor. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is the only thing that has done any good whatever. I have used one 50-cent bottle and the chills, cold and grip have all left me. I congratulate the manufacturers of an honest medicine." For sale by J. G. Gillam.

MARRIED.

PHEASANT—PROUGH—At the home of the bride near Three Springs, on February 8, 1899, by Rev. W. R. Dillen, Jesse E. Pheasant, of Calvin, and Minnie Bell Prough, of Lodema.

HOCKENBERRY—HEETER—At the U. B. parsonage in Three Springs, on February 8, 1899, by Rev. W. R. Dillen, George M. Hockenberry and Bertha E. Heeter, both of Three Springs.

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE

—AT—

PRIVATE SALE.

The undersigned, executor of the estate of the late W. H. Rex, deceased, offers at private sale the real estate of the late deceased. This property is all in the Borough of Mapleton, is free from incumbrance of any kind, is well located, and those desiring comfortable homes could make no better investment. It is more economical to buy a home than to pay rent.

No. 1. A lot of ground at junction of Chestnut and Main streets on which formerly stood the mansion house and store room of the late deceased. Well of good water, stone sufficient in walls for building several foundations, outbuildings, orchard and small fruits.

No. 2. House and lot on Main street known as the Brumbaugh property, adjoining No. 1. Lot in good state of cultivation.

No. 3. House and lot on Main street, known as the Kyler property, adjoining No. 2. Large kitchen.

No. 4. House and lot at corner of Sugar and Grant streets. Large lot, out buildings. Seven-room house recently remodeled.

No. 5 House and lot on Grant street. New house, excellent lot extending through to alley. A very desirable home.

No. 6. House and lot on Spring street. Lot extends through to Gayton street.

No. 7. Double House and lot. Lot faces on Grant, Church and Spring streets.

All these properties have good drainage, are convenient to church and schools, and excepting No. 1, are occupied by tenants, and all are among the most desirable properties in Mapleton.

TERMS:—25 per cent. cash and the balance in three equal annual payments.

For further particulars call on or address,

JERE B. REX, Executor,
Aug. 10 tf Huntingdon Pa.

Muslin Underwear!

.... Muslin Underwear ....

Thursday, Friday and Saturday,

February 9th, 10th, 11th.

Our great annual Muslin Underwear sale takes place on the above days.

We have always had big sales but we want to make this the biggest Underwear sale we have ever had.

Buying in large quantities direct from the largest manufacturers, gives you the benefit.

This year we have the daintiest, prettiest and cheapest Underwear we have ever had, but come and see for yourself.

Don't forget the dates, February 9, 10 and 11.

Wm Reed & Son,
Huntingdon, Pa.

Which

Do you prefer? A single or a double Heater? We have both in stock, and can furnish you with either, and with grates to burn either

Hard or Soft Coal,

it makes no difference to us, and but a few dollars to the buyer. The class of Heating Stoves we carry are on a par with our celebrated Dockash Range. Need we say more? If you are in the market for a heating stove call and see what I have to offer.

Hard Coal Stoves range in price from $14 to $35. Soft coal double heaters from $14 to $22.50.

JOHN REYNOLDS,

(Next door First National Bank,)
Huntingdon, Pa.

Now for 1899.

You want to get in line with us for the coming season's business.

Investigate—

others are doing so—and have found that we furnish the right goods at the right price.

There is some satisfaction in knowing that you can buy your dry goods, notions, groceries, hardware, &c, from us for less money than by going abroad.

Your trade is solicited.

J. L. Houck,
Cassville, Pa.

When Hungry, Go To

FISHER'S Penn Street RESTAURANT.

—You Can Get—

Steaks, Chops, Eggs, Boiled Beans, Sandwiches, Pies, Hot Tea or Coffee.

BEST SHELL OYSTERS IN EVERY STYLE.

Oysters delivered to any part of town in any style or quantity,

—Also—

Caterer for Weddings and Banquets.

GEO. W. FISHER,

417 Penn St. HUNTINGDON, PA

EVERYBODY † SURPRISED

Over my fresh arrival of

MISSES', GENTS' and CHILD'S SHOES.

Surprise, first, at the LARGE ASSORTMENT.
Surprise, second, at the SUPERIOR QUALITY.
Surprise, third, at the IMMENSE VARIETY.
Surprise, fourth, at the LOW PRICES.

I have been some time in getting these "surprises" all here and ready for you, but at last am able to announce

BARGAINS ALL THROUGH THE HOUSE.

I solicit a comparison of goods and prices, knowing you will find that my NEW STOCK is the best and cheapest.

J. C. Hazlett,
402 Penn St., Huntingdon, Pa.

At J. G. Gillam's Day-Light Store

Is the place you can see the goods you buy and see the goods you want to buy, for every department is full and complete.

HATS, CAPS, BOOTS, SHOES, GLOVES,

UNDERWEAR,

HARDWARE, QUEENSWARE,

WOOD AND WILLOW WARE, GROCERIES

AND CONFECTIONS,

in fact everything that you want.

Highest market prices paid for produce. Give us a call.

John G. Gillam.

The Mapleton Item.

Mapleton Depot, Pa., Feb. 15, 1899.

LOCAL NOTES.

—Election next Tuesday.

—It seems difficult to break the mercury of the zero habit.

—Nathan C. Horton, an aged resident of Cassville, is critically ill.

—A local institute will be held at Lincoln school house in Union township, Saturday, February 25th.

—For clothing. overcoats, drss suits, odd pants, coats or vests, go to W. G. Ewing's, Mount Union, Pa.

—This is the anniversary of the destruction of the Maine. Spain remembers the event very vividly.

—J. O. Heaton, Cassville, Pa., recommends and sells all of Chamberlain's remedies advertised in the ITEM.

—The work of grading for the fourth track between Huntingdon and Warrior Ridge was commenced last week.

—Did you get a valentine? We presume not. With no mails in or out we couldn't get even a dun this week.

—The semi annual district convention of the P. O. S. of A., of Huntingdon county, will be held in Huntingdon next Wednesday.

—Dress plaids as low as 5c per yd., (all wool); dress cloths at 25c and general line of dress goods at right prices at W. G. Ewing's, Mount Union, Pa.

—Samuel E. Henry, for many years one of Huntingdon's prominent business men, died at 2 o'clock this morning. The remains will be interred at Huntingdon Saturday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

—T. M. Logan, who has been a collector for the Prudential Insurance Co., at Lewistown, has been promoted to an assistant superintendent and will move to Huntingdon where he will have headquarters.—*Journal.*

—President McKinley on Saturday sent to the Senate the nomination of Howard E. Butz, editor of the *Globe*, as postmaster at Huntingdon. We congratulate Bro. Butz on having knocked this particular persimmon.

—All who can should hear General Gordon's lecture "The Last Days of the Confederacy," to be delivered in the Y. M. C. A. Hall, Huntingdon, next Wednesday evening. It is a masterpiece. Proceeds for the benefit of G. A. R.

—Safe insurance protects. Strong companies are safest. The Insurance Company of North America and the Fire Association of Philadelphia are among the strongest companies. Represented by John G. Gillam, Mapleton Depot, Pa. Get estimates and examine policies.

—Mrs. Elizabeth McCarl, relict of Robert McCarl, died at 7.30 o'clock this morning, at the home of her son, Newton McCarl, in Mapleton of the infirmities due to old age. The remains will be interred in the U. B. cemetery at 2 o'clock Friday afternoon. Services will be held in the U. B. church.

—Considerable ice has been put up at this place. Samuel Hatfield, S. P. Stubbs, T. M. Wood and I. N. Swope have their houses filled. The ladies of the U. B. church are filling A. B. Gillam's house to-day and O'Connors will put a force of men at work to-day to fill theirs. The ice on the river is very good.

—At the Musical College, Freeburg, Snyder county, Pa., none but the best methods are used, so that to-day it is recognized as one of the foremost schools of music in the country. $33 will pay for a term of six weeks, instruction and board, Spring term will begin May 8. For catalogues address, Henry B. Moyer, Director.

—The agent of a big lumber concern in Germany is again in this state buying large quantities of walnut trees for shipment to his country. An Ohio agent is purchasing walnut lumber in the lower end of Lycoming county for shipment to England. In the past few years eastern Pennsylvania farmers have been paid $75,000 for walnut trees sent to foreign countries.

—William Gehrett, aged 79 years, of Cass township, died suddenly last Sunday. He is survived by three sons and four daughters. They are John, William, Amon and Mrs. Balser, of Harrisburg, Mrs. Sechrist, of Orbisonia, Mrs. John W. Heaton, of Cassville, and Miss Lulu at home. One son, Dr. Gehrett, of Altoona, died several years ago. We are without further particulars.

—Register and Recorder Godard betook himself to a popular local skating resort the other day, buckled on his skates—which he had not buckled on in many years—viewed the landscape o'er for a few moments and then started to do the grape vine twist. The effort, the pleasure and all were soon over, and the affable official found himself in *status quo* the rear portion of his physical being was his only *point d' appui.* Disheartened and conquered he unbuckled the skates which he had not unbuckled in many years and sought a clime where the righteous and sinners were less liable to fall. Try it again, Mr. Godard.—*Monitor.*

—Clarence, a twelve-year-old son of James C. Dell of Union township, met with an accident on the evening of January 1st which has proven serious in its results. The lad with his brothers and sister were playing button. Tiring of this he made a "buzzer" by running a cord through the holes of a large button and by looping the string on his thumbs would twist the cord revolving the button so rapidly as to make it buzz. The button bursted and a sharp piece of it struck his right eye. Twelve days afterward a piece of button was taken out of his eye. The injured organ has healed bui it is feared the sight has been destroyed. We hope this fear may not be realized.

School Reports.

Following are the reports of Mapleton borough schools for fifth month, ending Monday, February 6, 1899:

No. 1—Louisa A. Dell, teacher.

	Males	Females	Total
Whole No. enrolled,	18	19	37
Average attendance,	17	16	33
Per cent. of "	94	85	90

The following pupils missed no time during the month: Victor Wallet, Cloyd Long, Chester Gillam, Harvey Hicks, Cecil O'Connor. Howard Hommon, John Turnbaugh, Harold Spangler, Irvin Mounts, Cecil Bell, Mary Hooper, Ethel Wood, Edith Dell, Mabel White, Mattie Brininger. Visitors 5.

No. 2 –Miss Milda D. Chilcote, teacher.

	Males	Female	Total
Whole No. enrolled,	22	18	40
Average attendance,	20	16	36
Per cent. of "	93	97	95

Following are the names of pupils who were perfect in attendanc during month: Pearl Neice, Myrtle Fisher, Rosetta Hicks, Olive Morgan, Esther Brown, Tillie Neice, Florence Dell, Hattie Lamberson, David Norris, Dale Bell, Roy O'Connor, Clinton Dell, Edward Spangler, Herbert Hicks, Harry Turnbaugh, William Hooper. Visitors 15.

No. 3—H. G. Swope, teacher.

	Males	Females	Total
Whole No. enrolled,	14	12	26
Average attendance,	12	10	22
Per cent. of "	95	92	93

Following pupils missed no time during the month: Tommy White, James McHugh. Loy McCarl, John Robley, Jettie Moore, Luther Skipper, Edith Wood, Gilbert Skipper. Visitors 5.

No. 4—G. W. Wright, teacher.

	Males	Females	Total
Whole No. enrolled,	10	11	21
Average attendance,	9	10	19
Per cent. of "	95	96	96

The following named pupils were perfect in attendance during month: Etta McDonald, Myrtle Wright, Enva O'Connor, Ada Wilson, Lulu McDonald, Ada McDonald, Ellis Baker, Edward McCarl, Emory Neice, Jesse Swope, Mason Hicks. Visitors 4.

FLORIDA.

Personally-Conducted Tour via Pennsylvania Railroad.

The Pennsylvania Railroad Company's third tour of the present season to Jacksonville, allowing two weeks in Florida, will leave New York and Philadelphia by special train of Pullman Palace Cars Tuesday, February 21. Excursion tickets, including railway transportation, Pullman accommodations (one berth), and meals *en route* in both directions while traveling on the special train, will be sold at the following rates: New York, $50.00; Philadelphia, $48.00; Canandaigua, $52.85; Erie, $54.85; Wilkesbarre, $50.35; Pittsburg, $53.00; and at proportionate rates from other points.

For tickets, itineraries and full information apply to ticket agents; Tourist Agent, 1196 Broadway, New York; 789 Broad Street, Newark, N. J.; or address Geo. W. Boyd, Assistant General Passenger Agent, Broad Street Station, Philadelphia. 2-15-1t

Remarkable Rescue.

Mrs. Michael Curtain, Plainfield, Ill., makes the statement that she caught cold, which settled on her lungs; she was treated for a month by her family physician, but grew worse. He told her she was a hopeless victim of consumption and that no medicine could cure her. Her druggist suggested Dr, King's New Discovery for Consumption, she bought a bottle and to her delight found herself benefitted from first dose. She continued its use and after taking six bottles, found herself sound and well; now does her own housework and is as well as she ever was. Free trial bottles of tnis great Discovery at B. O'Connor & Sons' store. Only 50 cents and $1, every bottle guaranteed.

A February Blizzard.

The weather for the past week has mortified the oldest inhabitant for even he can find nothing in memory's casket with which to compare it. Wednesday night of last week people begun to think that the bottoms had dropped out of the thermometers as the mercury had run so far down as to be almost out of sight and Thursday morning they registered from 8 to 12 degrees below zero. Friday morning it descended to 15 to 18 degrees below and on Saturday morning marked from 24 to 26 degrees below. For seventy-two hours the mercury did not get above zero. The Juniata which had had but little ice on it this winter up to that time was now frozen over. Snow commenced falling and fell almost continuously until Monday night. High winds arose on Monday and the snow being fine and light drifted badly. The railroads were completely blocked. No trains have come from Philadelphia since Sunday night but it is expected that the dritts on the eastern division will be cleared up by this evening. The worst trouble is in the vicinity of Lancaster where many trains were caught in the drifts. On the eastern end of the middle division drifts were piled from twelve to twenty feet high but local trains were able to get over this division yesterday afternoon. The weather has continued cold and this morning the thermometer registered from fifteen to eighteen degrees below zero. West of the Allegheny mountains there has been little or no trouble from the snow but the severe cold has wrought havoc with business in that part of the state.

The weather department promises warmer weather. In the Dakotas where these blizzards usually originate the thermometer is up in the forties and the weather is reported spring-like.

Communicated.

MR. EDITOR, DEAR SIR:—Please allow me space in your excellent paper to say a few words of preliminary character in regard to onr spring election. There should be nothing in township politics but what wonld bear the light of publicity, but we are not going to descend to particulars but will try and keep in view the sweet sentiments of the Golden rule. We have no enemies to punish nor old grudges to pay off. All we ask is justice, equality and equal rights. When the Calvin District was carved out of the limits of Union there was a promise made but that agreement has been broken. We are not striving for the spoils of any township office but to-day the offices are not equally distributed. How does this come? Answer bleak election day of '98. When our Calvin neighbors voted a ticket without a blank left vacant for Union we were robbed of an auditor; our school director was elected by the Calvin vote and home majorities trampled down. We do not belong to that class of voters who think a democrat should live a life time in a republican township, pay his taxes and never hold an office but let all go to the polls on Tuesday next, mark our ticket with our own hand and direct our vote by the intelligence of our mind. Let us try and establish for ourselves and our Calvin neighbors a lasting peace.

A UNION TOWNSHIP VOTER.

Dangers of the Grip.

The greatest danger from La Grippe is of its resulting in pneumonia. If reasonable care is used, however, and Chamberlain's Cough Remedy taken, all danger will be avoided. Among the tens of thousands who have used this remedy for la grippe we have yet to learn of a single case having resulted in pneumonia which shows conclusively that this remedy is a certain preventative of that dangerous disease. It will cure la grippe in less time than any other treatment. It is pleasant and safe to take. For sale by J. G. Gillam.

Volcanic Eruptions

Are grand, but Skin Eruptions rob life of joy. Bucklen's Arnica Salve cures them, also Old, Running and Fever sores, Ulcers, Boils, Felons, Corns, Warts, Cuts, Bruises, Burns, Scalds, Chapped Hands, Clilblains. Best Pile cure on earth; drives out pains and aches. Only 25 cts. a box. Cure guaranteed. Sold by B. O'Connor & Sons.

—W. G. Ewing, Mount Union, Pa., has ladies coats and capes, new this season, at very reasonable prices. Also misses' jackets and long coats at bargain prices.

Story of a Slave,

To be bound hand and foot for years by the chains of disease is the worst form of slavery. George D. Williams, of Manchester, Mich., tells how such a slave was made free. He says: "My wife has been so helpless for five years that she could not turn over in bed alone. After using two bottles of Electric Bitters, she is wonderfully improved and able to do her own work." This supreme remedy for female disease quickly cures nervousness, sleeplessness, melancholy, headache, backache, fainting and dizzy spells. This miracle working medicine is a godsend to sickly, aun down people. Every bottle guaranteed. Only 50 cents. Sold by B. O'Connor & Sons.

ACTIVE SOLICITORS WANTED EVERYWHERE for "The Story of the Philippines" by Murat Halstead, commissioned by the Government as Official Historian to the War Department. The book was written in army camps at San Francisco, on the Pacific with General Merritt, in the hospitals at Honolulu, in Hong Kong, in the American trenches at Manila, in the insurgent camps with Aguinaldo, on the deck of the Olympia with Dewey, and in the roar of battle at the fall of Manila. Bonanza for agents. Brimful of original pictures taken by government photographers on the spot. Large Book. Low prices. Big profits. Freight paid. Credit given. Drop all trashy unofficial war books. Outfit free. Address, F. T. Barber, Sec'y., Star Insurance Bldg., Chicago.

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FOR 1899

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A WOMAN'S PAGE, where every morning the latest fashions and every feminine interest are cleverly dealt with in profusely illustrated articles.

A CABLE PAGE. where the doings of our foreign cousins are reproduced in special cable dispatches.

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Included in The Sunday Inquirer each week is a colored section, with the best of pictures by well-known artists in brilliant color and softest half-tone. The colored section of The Sunday Inquirer is not equalled by any other paper.

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is contributed to by the very best writers, such as Conan Doyle, Rudyard Kipling, Robert Barr, Anthony Hope and Ian MacLaren. Besides the brightest of short stories and serials, there are many articles by eminent authorities on subjects religious, mechanical, literary and scientific. Then, too, there are puzzles with cash prizes amounting to $500. If you want to make your wits profitable get the next Sunday Inquirer.

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J. O. HEATON,
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A. B. Gillam's Greatest Christmas Bargains.

The coming of Christmas; you will believe in its near approach when you see the display at A. B. Gillam's. You'll feel we've been lavish in our purchases. A look through the pretty offerings will make your heart young. You will regret that you are not a child again, so that you may enter more fully into the pleasures of the happy holiday season. You'll find nothing lacking in the display. An entire absence of extravagance in prices will be particularly noticeable, for purchasing from the manufacturers direct enables us to make the very low prices you will be impressed with, and the many choice designs shown. Just a hint here and there. You can only form a correct idea of their beauty by looking through the store.

Surprise Boxes,
Horns,
Albums,
Sterling Silver Brushes,
Dolls,
at 5 cts. and up.
Perfume,
A fine assortment of
China,
Doll's Cribs,
Some nice things in
Stationery,
Toilet Articles,
Silk Handkerchiefs,
Linen Handkerchiefs.

Our general stock is complete. We invite you to come early before our stock is picked over. You will find a good selection of gifts.

A. B. Gillam.

FILIPINOS ROUTED.

American Soldiers Capture Caloocan and Put Aguinaldo's Followers to Flight.

WARSHIPS OPEN BATTLE.

Shrapnel Dealt Death and Ruin to the Enemy's Forces.

Caloocan Was the Strongest Rebel Position in the Island of Luzon and Aguinaldo Had Gathered the Flower of His Army There—The Place Was Shelled From Two of Dewey's Ships and From Land—Then the Troops Advanced With a Rush and the Rebels Took to Flight—Our Losses Were Slight, But the Enemy Suffered Heavily.

MANILA, Philippine Islands (By Cable).—Another victory has been gained by the American troops, and the town of Caloocan, which was undoubtedly the strongest rebel position in the island of Luzon, is ours. The place was not won without a struggle. Aguinaldo has been doing everything in his power to draw supporters to his banner in order that he might attempt to retrieve the disaster that befell his forces when they attacked the Americans and to recover the prestige that he has lost through defeat. The rebels had regained some of their courage and for three hours they held their position. Then they could no longer stand the American fire and abandoned their fortifications.

Caloocan, which is about twelve miles north of Manila, is so situated that it is within easy range of the guns of warships. There is no high ground, the town being separated from the Bay of Manila by a wide stretch of marsh.

The plan for the attack on the place provided that the warships should open the ball. At half past 2 o'clock on Friday afternoon, therefore, the monitor Monadnock and the gunboat Concord, which had been ordered up the bay by Admiral Dewey, opened fire on the town. Their shells went true and much damage was done, in addition to making the rebels very uncomfortable.

At the same time that the warships began shelling, the Sixth Artillery and the Utah Battery opened fire on the rebel intrenchments on the landward sides of the town. The artillery and the warships pounded away until 4 o'clock, when orders were given for General Harrison G. Otis's brigade, except the Pennsylvania Regiment which was held as a reserve, to move on the enemy's works. The men had been impatiently waiting for the order, and as the word was passed down the line they responded with cheers. The movement was made in the following order from left to right: Twentieth Kansas Infantry, First Montana Infantry and Third Artillery, the Twentieth Kansas and the First Montana being supported by the First Idaho Infantry and the Third Artillery by the Fourth Cavalry.

The Filipinos were awaiting the advance of the troops, and as the Americans began to move forward the rebels started a rattling fire, which made considerable noise but did no great damage. The Americans declined to answer, but pressed steadly forward. They marched through the woods and banana groves from the left, but on the right the route was mainly through paddy fields, which afforded no protection from the rebel fire.

Not a single stop was made until they reached the intrenchments from which most of the natives hastily scrambled as the Americans drew near. The rebels tried to make their way to the shelter afforded by the town, but scores of them failed to reach their goal, being stopped by American bullets.

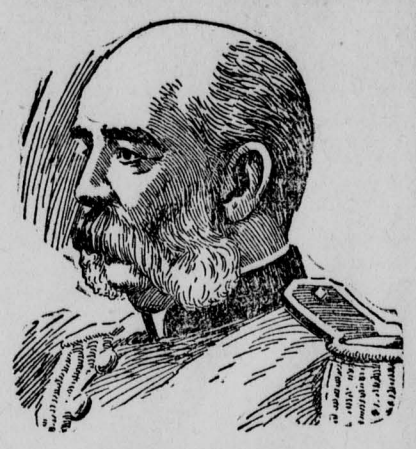
Just at this time the Filipinos were thrown into worse confusion by the discovery that they had been flanked. A company of First Montana Infantry, under command of Major J. Franklin Bell, Chief of the Bureau of Military Information, whose services here have been invaluable, had volunteered to execute the flank movement, and moving off to the east had, without being detected, arrived on the enemy's flank back in the town. The natives saw they were trapped, and scattering, fled like sheep, many of them dropping their weapons in their anxiety to escape.

The Americans had jumped the trenches, and, yelling and cheering, were in full pursuit. It was simply a rout, and proved that, even with the aid of artificial defences, the Filipinos are no match for the Americans who are fighting them.

As the Twentieth Kansas and First Montana regiments entered the town from the South, some of the fleeing natives set fire to the huts, whose roofs are made of nipa grass, thinking to start a blaze which would destroy the place. In this they were disappointed, however, as the Americans extinguished the fires.

The losses of the Americans were slight, but the enemy suffered heavily both in killed and wounded. Most of the casualties to the Filipinos were caused by shrapnel, the creaming and effectiveness of which caused terror among the natives.

After the Americans were in possession of the town it was found that there was only one house in the place that had a flagstaff. This belonged to Mr. Higgins, an Englishman, who is President of the Daguypan Railway. He lent the staff to General



GENERAL ELWELL S. OTIS.

Otis, and at half past five o'clock the American flag was floating over the town. Its appearance was greeted with enthusiastic cheering by the troops.

A PHILIPPINE VILLAGE.
(Type of those surrounding Manila which have been captured by American soldiers.)

QUESADA'S TALK WITH GOMEZ.

Both Think That Our $3,000,000 is Insufficient For Cuban Troops.

HAVANA, Cuba (By Cable).—Senor Gonzalez de Quesada, in an interview a few days ago, said that Genoral Gomez and he consider the $3,000,000 the United States Government offers to pay to the Cuban troops insufficient to cover the whole case, but a good working basis to begin with.

SENOR GONZALES DE QUESADA.

A movement has been started which will result in the appointment of a committee to report to the Cuban Assembly the best method of raising a loan of from $7,000,000 to $9,000,000 on the guarantee of the customs, and of obtaining the co-operation of the American authorities.

TRANCE VICTIM BURIED ALIVE.

Shocking Discovery When Mr. Rigley's Body Was Exhumed For an Autopsy.

NORTH TONAWANDA, N. Y. (Special).—The body of James Rigley was exhumed a few days ago from the village cemetery of Pendleton, for the purpose of making an autopsy.

The diggers found that the glass covering of the coffin had been broken, and the dead man's features were horribly distorted and sprinkled with blood. This and the positions of the hands and feet showed that Rigley had been buried alive. Several physicians who saw the corpse declared that what had been supposed to be death was only a trance. No one would make any estimate as to how long after his interment the victim of the ghastly mistake had revived and attempted to break from the tomb.

Rigley succumbed after a short attack of the grip. Dr. Monterey, his family physician, had no doubt of his death, and he was buried the Saturday preceding the day on which the body was exhumed. The fact that he held several life insurance policies led to the disinterment, in order that the autopsy might show the exact cause of death.

Deaths From the Plague in Bombay.

There were 1600 deaths from the plague in Bombay, India, during the past week.

SIGNAL MEN IN DEMAND.

A New Corps to Be Organized From Volunteers in the Philippines.

WASHINGTON, D. C. (Special).—Owing to the pressing need for additional signal corps men in the Philippines and the difficulty of getting reinforcements there from the United States, it has been decided by the War Department to strengthen the corps now in the islands by the addition of one company of sixty men, recruited from the volunteers in the forces now stationed there. The company will be recruited from the best men obtainable in the service and officered by the best non-commissioned officers that the company commanders are willing to spare. The new company will be divided into batches of twenty men, who will be distributed among the companies already organized there, making a leaven of forty old men to each of the new companies.

PROMINENT PEOPLE.

William A. Clark, the new Senator from Montana, was once a clockmaker.

John D. Rockefeller made $5,000,000 one day recently by the advance of Standard Oil securities.

Speaker Reed adds to his income by writing special articles at a good price for magazines and periodicals.

Senator Kyle, of South Dakota, is an enthusiast on Bobby Burns, and attends all celebrations held in honor of the Scotch poet.

Ruskin's sixty-four books bring him in $20,000 a year. Swinburne, who writes very little, makes $5000 a year by his poems.

Mrs. Benjamin Harrison will accompany her husband when the ex-President goes abroad this spring in the interests of the Venezuelan Commission.

Dr. Nicholas Senn, who was prominent in his work as an army surgeon during the Spanish war, holds the chair of practical surgery at the University of Chicago.

Tom L. Johnson, the street railroad magnate, has announced that he intends to retire from business and devote himself to the advancement of the single-tax idea.

Count and Countess Boni de Castellane have just leased for three years, with the option of purchase, the Chateau du Marias, belonging to the Duc de Noailles.

Senator Mark Hanna wears as a watch charm a gold nugget which is worth several hundred dollars. It is one of the largest ever taken from the Klondike region.

The Alabama Legislature has passed a resolution recommending the appointment of General Wheeler to be Major-General in the regular army as soon as a vacancy shall occur.

Andrew Carnegie has offered to donate $100,000 for a library building at State College, Bellefonte, Penn., provided the State will appropriate $10,000 annually for the maintenance of the library.

General Schofield's birthplace was Gerry, Chautauqua County, New York. His father, a pastor, moved in 1843 to Illinois, and there the son worked on a farm until he reached the age for a military education.

Governor Roosevelt will be the guest of honor at the Appomattox Day dinner of the Hamilton Club, of Chicago, on April 8. General Joseph Wheeler, General Lew Wallace and Senator Lodge have also been invited.

CYCLING NOTES.

There will be more cycle paths built this year than ever before.

German makers are said to be overstocked to the extent of 170,000 machines.

The cyclists of Austria are subscribing to erect a monument to their late Empress.

Included in the new French army estimates is an item of $8000 for the purchase of bicycles.

With their big gears the Eastern riders have found the hills of San Francisco tiresome, but climbed them nevertheless, to the surprise of the coast riders.

The quarter-mile cycle track at Belleair, Fla., has been resurfaced and remodelled. The track is now claimed to be the fastest quarter-mile track in the country.

Beginning with New York in 1896, twelve States have passed laws requiring bicycles to be carried as other baggage. Virginia was added to this list during the past year.

It is said that the profits of one of the Western bicycle concerns last year was $400,000. Yet the pessimist will still tell us that the bicycle business is only fit for a cemetery.

Cycling is the very best cure for the "blues." No cyclist was ever known to take his life during the riding season, while even the hope of its return keeps his spirits up during the "shut-in" period in winter.

A survey of the prices quoted by the various concerns which occupied stands at the recent bicycle show in New York City shows that $50 is the prevailing list price for chain wheels and $75 for bicycles of the chainless pattern.

A remarkable feature of a recent bicycle exhibition was the number of wheels fitted with twisted spokes. Scarcely an exhibitor did not show at least one model with the new spokes, the merits of which are strength and attractiveness.

The Bengal (India) Cycling Association has taken the preliminary steps to build a three-lap, cement, up-to-date cycle track in the neighborhood of Calcutta. India seems likely to figure in the world's records more or less, in the near future.

A German doctor who has been studying the effects of cycle hill climbing says that in his own and several other cases, mounting hills has sent the pulse beat up to 150 and 180 per minute, which must soom damage the heart if maintained. A rest, however, puts matters right. He strongly condemns smoking while awheel, or the use of large quantities of liquids.

THE LABOR WORLD.

Albion, N. Y., has seven bean packing establishments, which give employment to 300 hands.

The annual convention of the Bakers and Confectioners' National Union will be held in Chicago, March 5.

The Brooks locomotive works, at Dunkirk, N. Y., now employ 1637 persons. The roll is at the rate of $1,000,000 a year.

The new law which was approved by President McKinley on December 21, 1898, and designed for the protection of seamen against "crimps," has gone into effect.

The fund now being raised by organized labor for the widows and orphans of the coal miners who were killed by deputy sheriffs at Virden, Ill., already exceeds $3000.

Samuel Gompers, President of the American Federation of Labor, will shortly make a tour of the intermountain country west of the Missouri River, in accordance with the instructions of the Kansas City convention.

The International Typographical Union has decided that hereafter questions for the referendum will be submitted semi-annually, and that it shall require a petition from ten local unions to send out a given proposition.

The United Garment Workers of America are extending their organization to Manitoba and other parts of Canada. Applications for charters have been received at the headquarters in New York City from Winnipeg and Montreal.

The report of the statistician of the Des Moines (Iowa) Trades and Labor Assembly, shows that organized labor in that city is earning twenty-five cents to $1.50 per day more than the unorganized workers, and in addition to this they are working from one to five hours less per day.

Trades unionists of Boston are somewhat alarmed by the decision of the Massachusetts Insurance Commissioner that insurance business transacted by unions is illegal unless the organizations are incorporated. An effort will be made to have the insurance law amended to meet this objection.

PROSPERITY IN ENGLAND.

The Business Increase Keeps Pace With That Noticed Here.

LONDON (By Cable).—Great Britain's business boom keeps pace with that of the United States. Not in ten years has there been such general prosperity in business and stocks. Apart from the South African boom, which maintains its strength unexpectedly, gold shares are higher than at the height of the boom of 1895. This feeling of confidence may be expected to continue, if the Parliamentarians refrain from attempting to goad Lord Salisbury to belligerent action, as during the last session of Parliament, and provoke counter threats from other powers. Most of the stock values have attained a higher level than in years, and an unusually large proportion are buying for investments, instead of speculation.

As most of the manufacturers here have all the business they want, the increase in the United States' exports attracts less attention than it would in ordinary times.

AN ARMY BEEF INQUIRY.

The President Appoints a Board to Investigate the Meat Charges.

WASHINGTON, D. C. (Special).—The President has appointed a Court of Inquiry to examine into the charges touching the meat furnished the American army during the war with Spain, and other matters involved in the charges made by General Miles against the administration of war affairs. The court will consist of Major-General Wade, Colonel George W. Davis, Ninth Infantry, and Colonel Gillespie, Corps of Engineers, now stationed in New York.

This Court of Inquiry, it is said by persons versed in military jurisprudence, will be unique in that it will be directed in its investigations against a state of affairs and not against a person, for although General Miles is named as the author of certain allegations in the formal order, it is these allegations and not General Miles that is the subject of inquiry.

SUDDEN RICHES KILLED THEM.

A Woman Who Inherited $80,000 and Two Men Who Struck Oil.

SCIO, Ohio (Special).—John Coleman, the village grocer, who was fast becoming a rich man because of the oil boom, was discussing the situation with his friends a few days ago when suddenly he ceased talking and fell back in his chair dead. William Woods died an hour after he had received word that oil had been found under his property and that he soon would be wealthy.

WHEELING, W. Va. (Special).—Sudden acquisition of wealth is said to have been the sole cause of Mrs. J. P. Eddy's death at her home in Ritchie County a few days ago. Mrs. Eddy received a letter from a small town in central Pennsylvania informing her that in the division of her parents' estate she had received $80,000 in cash and securities. The shock was too great for her and she suffered a nervous attack, which resulted in her death a few hours later.

RIVER STEAMER WRECKED.

The Vessel Struck a Bridge and Is Burned—Several Drowned.

NASHVILLE, Tenn. (Special).—The steamer P. D. Staggs, Captain Douglass Jones, was wrecked at the bridge over the Tennessee River at Johnsonville, Tenn., a few days ago. In attempting to go under the drawbridge the boat sheered and struck the bridge, and the pilot-house and smokestacks were knocked off. The boat then drifted helplessly down the stream, which was swollen by rains and melting snow. She is valued at $10,000 and is insured. The cargo is valued at $15,000.

The steamer drifted four miles down the river and burned. There were sixty people on board the steamer. All were saved except the second clerk, Robert Scott, and six or eight roustabouts. The people on the steamer were taken off in boats and cared for by the residents of various places along the river.

THE FORMOSAN REBELLION.

Japanese Troops Defeated by the Insurgents With a Heavy Loss.

VICTORIA, B. C. (Special).—Advices from the Orient state that the Chinese rebels in Formosa are gaining strength, and that many cities are being looted. About the middle of January a battle occurred between the insurgents and the Japanese troops at Taipehfu, resulting in a victory for the former, who, after succeeding by flank movements in dodging the Japanese fire and coming to close quarters, fought hand to hand for three hours.

Hundreds were cut down, and when the Japanese were finally beaten back they left between 350 and 400 dead on the field. The rebel loss did not reach 100.

Gets $25,000 For Loss of Both Arms.

Charles Miller, a former brakeman on the New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad, secured a verdict of $25,000 in the Superior Court before Judge Blodgett at Boston a few days ago. Miller sued for $100,000 for personal injuries, which were caused by the breaking of a defective link by which the car upon which the plaintiff was riding was coupled to the locomotive. The plaintiff, who was employed as a brakeman by the corporation, was thrown from the train and was run over by several of the cars. The accident occurred at South Framingham on February 19, 1897, and resulted in the loss of both of the plaintiff's arms.

Death Notice Prevented Panic.

Advices from the Orient received at Seattle, Wash., state that the death of the Japanese Princess Sandononmiya probably saved the lives of hundreds at a theatre in Osake, Japan. The death in the royal household was announced whon the performance at the Kabuki Theatre was about half through, and an immense audience slowly filed out. It had hardly left the building when flames broke out in the third story and soon reduced the building to ashes.

Alger Dismisses Two Cadets.

Secretary Alger, at Washington, has summarily dismissed from the Military Academy Charles L. Baender, of Moberly, Mo., and F. G. Lane, of Kensauga, Iowa, two cadets who had been recommended by the academic board for dismissal because of misconduct.

Frightened by Earthquakes.

Inhabitants of the vicinity of Belen, New Mexico, are much alarmed on account of a series of earthquake shocks that have occurred there recently. Many have betaken themselves to prayer and fasting.

SCIENTIFIC SCRAPS.

A London physician, Stanley Kent, claims to have discovered the specific bacillus of smallpox, after five years of experimenting.

A tantalizing fact pointed out by an English astronomer is that Herr Witt's new planet between Mars and the earth was, in January, 1894, in a more favorable opposition for observation than it will be again until 1924.

A German physician, Dr. Riegel, has made some important discoveries relating to internal diseases, by making patients swallow a miniature photographic apparatus, and taking pictures of the interior of the stomach.

Dr. Joseph Carne Ross, physician to Ancoats hospital, Manchester, England, writes in praise of a decoction of cinnamon as a cure for influenza. The treatment must be begun within twenty-four hours of the beginning of the attack.

It is well known that the pressure of the atmosphere on the surface of the earth is about fifteen pounds to the square inch, equivalent, that is, to a pressure at the lower end of a column of mercury about thirty inches high, or to the pressure of a column of water thirty-four feet high.

Careful weighing shows that an ordinary bee, not loaded, weighs the five-thousandth part of a pound, so that it takes 5000 bees to make a pound. But the loaded bee, when he comes in fresh from the fields and flowers, freighted with honey or bee bread, often weighs nearly three times more.

ART AND SCIENCE.

The Porter Knew More Than the Professor About Shears.

An article in Cornhill on the simplicity and ignorance of great men, says that Professor Huxley delivered a lecture at Newcastle-on-Tyne, for which numerous diagrams were required. Old Alexander, the porter of the institution, and a favorite among the members of the society, was helping the professor to hang the diagrams, but the screen was not large enough, and the blank corner of one would overlap the illustration of another.

The professor declared that he would cut off the margins, and asked Alexander to bring him a pair of scissors; but alas! they would not work, and the learned man threw them down in disgust.

"Vera guid shears, professor," said Alexander.

"I tell you they won't cut," exclaimed Huxley.

"Try again," said Alexander. "They will cut."

The professor tried again and called, angrily:

"Bring me another pair of scissors."

Sir William Armstrong stepped forward at this point and ordered Alexander to go out and buy a new pair.

"Vera guid shears, Sir William," persisted Alexander, and he took them up, and asked Huxley how he wanted the paper cut.

"Cut it there," said the professor, somewhat tartly, indicating the place with his forefinger.

Alexander took the paper, inserted the scissors and cut off the required portion with the utmost neatness. Then he turned to the professor, with a significant leer and twinkle of the eye.

"Sceance an' airt dinna ay gang thegether, professor," said he.

Huxley gave way to laughter, and so did everybody present, and of course the scientist paid the fine of his stupidity in a sovereign.

Some one expressed amazement to Alexander that he should dare make freedom with Huxley.

"Why, mon," said Alexander with great emphasis, "they bits o' professor bodies ken naething at a' except their buiks."

A Story of Ye Olden Days.

There is a proverbial phrase signifying that the wife is master in the household, by which it is intimated that "she wears the breeches." The phrase is both odd and common, and is only half understood by modern explanations; but in medieval story we learn how "she" first put in her claim to wear this particular article of dress. A French writer of the thirteenth century (Hugues Plaucelles) relates some of the adventures of a couple whose household was not entirely harmonious. Sire Hains was the husband; Dame Anieus, the wife. After a quarrel one evening Sire Hains said: "Early in the morning I will take off my breeches and lay them down in the middle of the court, and the one who can win them will be acknowledged the master or mistress of the house."

Dame Anieus accepted the challenge. The battle was fought the next morning. It was a long battle, and it was bloody. At the end Sire Hains bore off the breeches, but the good dame had convinced the world that she was entitled to wear them in her own house.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Bacteria multiply rapidly, and they do it in a curious way. A single one breaks itself in two, then each half grows until it becomes as large as the original.

PEACE TREATY RATIFIED.

Assumption of Authority Over the Philippines Approved by Senate.

HALE AND HOAR VOTE AGAINST IT

McEnery and McLaurin, Southern Democrats, Save the Treaty—The Vote Was 57 Yeas to 27 Nays—Nine Democrats Recorded in the Affirmative — One Vote More Than Needed.

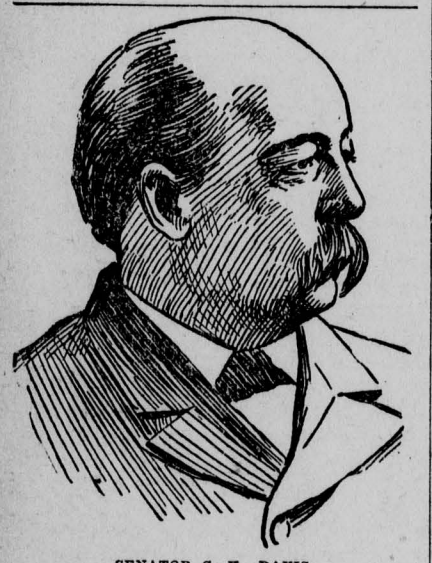
WASHINGTON, D. C. (Special). — The Treaty of Peace with Spain was ratified by the Senate in executive session Monday afternoon by a vote of 57 to 27, only one more than the necessary two-thirds majority. Two Republican Senators—Messrs. Hale and Hoar—voted against ratification, while nine Democrats were recorded in the affirmative. The only amendment offered was rejected.

At 2.15, when the Senate went into executive session, after Chairman Davis, fearful of making a tactical blunder, refused five minutes to Mr. Wolcott to reply to Mr. Gorman, the opponents of the treaty were supremely confident of success, and the leaders on the Republican side, with the possible exception of Mr. Aldrich, admitted that the treaty was beaten.

SENATOR ARTHUR P. GORMAN.
(He led the fight against the Treaty.)

When the open session ended with a remarkable speech by Senator Gorman—his valedictory, he termed it—the situation was still in doubt. A conference was held in the Vice-President's private office, in which Senators Aldrich, Lodge, Hanna, Fairbanks, Hansbrough and Vice-President Hobart participated. After considerable figuring it was discovered that two more votes were needed to insure the ratification of the treaty.

The missionaries sent out returned with the report that four Senators were still in doubt and no amount of pleading could induce them to agree to support the treaty. The wavering Senators were McLaurin, McEnery, Jones, of Nevada, and Heitfeld.



SENATOR C. K. DAVIS.
(Leader of the Ratification forces.)

Stronger efforts were put forth by the missionaries, and when the treaty was formally taken up the surprise of the day came, Senator McLaurin rising and announcing his intention to vote for the treaty. His declaration was brief, but to the point. The South Carolina Senator, in a brief speech, announced that he would stand by his Government. The events of the past few days at Manila pointed, he said, to the necessity of ratifying the treaty of peace, and he felt bound by a sense of patriotism to cast his vote in its favor. That speech foreshadowed the defeat of the opposition, and grimly they gave up the fight.

A moment later Senator McEnery informed the friends of the treaty that they might count upon his vote. Senator Jones, of Nevada, must have got an inkling of the state of things, for he, too, let it be known that while he was unalterably opposed to the annexation of the islands, he considered it essential that the treaty be accepted and the question of annexation attended to later on.

The action of the Senate has cleared the atmosphere wonderfully. The President is now free to adopt such measures as will restore peace and order in the Philippines. The appropriation of the $20,000,000 which is to be paid Spain under the terms of the treaty will be made in the General Deficiency Appropriation bill, and, as far as can be seen at this time, there will be no necessity for an extra session.

MAINE MONUMENT IN HAVANA.

Senate Adopts a Joint Resolution Appropriating $10,000.

WASHINGTON, D. C. (Special).—In the Senate Mr. Hale, (Rep., Me.,) Chairman of the Naval Affairs Committee, has favorably reported the following joint resolution, and it was adopted:

"That the Secretary of the Navy is hereby authorized to have erected in the Colon Cemetery, at Havana, Cuba, a suitable granite monument to the memory of the sailors and marines who lost their lives by the destruction of the United States battleship Maine, in the Harbor of Havana, on the 15th day of February, 1898, and whose remains are buried in that cemetery, and suitably to inscribe and enclose such monument; and the sum of $10,000 is appropriated for this purpose."

THE NEWS EPITOMIZED.

Washington Items.

General John H. Patterson has been placed on the retired list.

Representative Underwood, of Alabama, introduced a joint resolution authorizing the President to transfer Naval Constructor Richmond P. Hobson from the construction corps to the line of the navy and to promote him to such rank as he may determine, with the advice and consent of the Senate.

The President and Mrs. McKinley a few days ago received members of Congress as their guests. The reception was a large one, despite the snow-blocked streets and avenues and the unusually low thermometer.

The House Committee on Ways and Means agreed to favorably report the bill appropriating $500,000 for the Pan-American Exposition in Buffalo in 1901. The bill provides $200,000 for a Government building and $300,000 for an exhibit.

Captain D. W. Glenn has received a telegram announcing that Lieutenant Castner, United States Army, and two enlisted men, who disappeared in the frozen wilderness of the Klondike in last August, have arrived safely at Weare, one of the stations in that region.

Chairman Cannon, of the Appropriations Committee of the House, in the course of a debate on the Sundry Civil bill sounded a a warning of an increasing deficit in the country's finances, announced that the passage of the Nicaragua Canal bill and the Shipping bill would be impossible, and hinted about a probable necessity for issuing bonds for available funds to conduct the departments of the Government.

The customs collections at the port of Caibarien, Cuba, for the four weeks commencing January 1 and ending January 28 amounted to $8,852.13.

Mr. Chandler gave notice in the Senate of an amendment to the Naval Appropriation bill appropriating $5000 for a monument to be erected to George Henry Ellis, the only American killed in the battle which resulted in the destruction of Cervera's fleet.

The President sent these nominations to the Senate: Marine Corps, Captain S. H. Harrington, to be Major; First Lieutenant Charles H. Lauchheimer, to be Captain.

Secretary Alger sent the following cablegram to General Otis at Manila: "Accept my best congratulations upon your magnificent victory of Sunday, all the more creditable because you were not the aggressor. ALGER."

Representative Stallings, of Alabama, introduced a bill in the House to authorize the President to appoint General Wheeler a Major-General in the regular army.

Major Henry G. Heistand, of the Adjutant-General's Department, has been detailed as Military Attache of the United States Commissioners to the Paris Exposition. He is expected to leave Washington about the first of June for Paris.

General Otis's report of casualties in the Manila fight up to Wednesday aggregate 191. Of these, forty-nine were of officers and men killed, and 148 wounded.

Domestic.

A bill to protect Kansas creameries from oleomargarine, by compelling the manufacturers to color this product has been rejected in the House, although 10,000 farmers in the State petitioned for it.

The Boston brig Mary Gibbs, Captain Horace R. Coombs, which left Newport, News, Va., 150 days ago for Para, Brazil, has been given up for lost by her owners at Boston, who also believe that the crew of eight men perished with the wreck.

The Rev. Dr. Frank W. Gunsaulus, pastor of Plymouth Congregational Church, in Chicago, has accepted a call to fill the pulpit of Central Church, succeeding the Rev. Dr. Hillis, who recently accepted the pastorate of Plymouth Church, Brooklyn.

Governor McLaurin, of Mississippi, is critically ill of pneumonia. The disease has settled heavily on his lungs, and in his present feeble condition the physicians in attendance greatly fear that he cannot stand a prolonged attack.

Dr. Kramer, prominently connected with the German Legation in Samoa, arrived at San Francisco, Cal., on the steamer Moana, and it is believed he brings important advices for his Government regarding the situation in Samoa. Dr. Kramer says the situation is quiet pending the decision of the powers.

City Treasurer Pressey, of North Yakima, Wash., resigned at the demand of the City Council. His accounts are estimated to be short $5000.

The Fire Committee of the City Council of Terre Haute, Ind., held a lively session a few days ago, when it tried Fred Scott, a colored fireman, on charges preferred by "Goody Clark," a colored barber. While Scott was testifying Clark fired four shots. Two of them hit Scott, and one struck Councilman Smith. Scott was fatally wounded. Clark was arrested.

At a meeting of the Brown University Corporation, held at Providence, R. I., the Rev. Dr. James Monroe Taylor was unanimously elected President of the University. Dr. Taylor is now President of Vassar College and was formerly pastor of the Fourth Baptist Church in Providence.

"Handsome Dan" and "Old Ell," the two Maxim guns presented to the United States Government for the use of the cruiser Yale during the Spanish war, will be returned to Yale College, New Haven, as a war memorial.

Belmond, Iowa, a town of over 2000 inhabitants was the scene of a disastrous fire. The thermometer was twenty-one degree below zero, and a strong wind made the firemen's efforts to check the flames ineffectual. Thirteen business blocks and a number of residences were totally destroyed. The loss will foot up over $150,000.

A stringent anti-gambling law has been enacted by the Idaho Legislature, to replace a law which became a dead-letter.

Judge Hazen, of the District Court at Topeka, Kan., handed down an opinion in which he sustained the legality of the special session of the Legislature in every particular.

Diphtheria is prevalent at Hackensack, N. J. There have been a number of deaths in the last few days. The authorities closed the public schools on Tuesday.

Dr. Henry Elmo Keyes and his wife, of New York City, were asphyxiated some time Tuesday morning in their bedroom in the Ardsley Casino, at Ardsley-on-the-Hudson. Gas was found escaping from a gas stove. It was thought that Dr. Keyes mistook the stopcock for an electric light button.

Foreign.

The appeal for $11,500,000 in connection with the Chinese Imperial Railway five percentage gold loan has been a phenomenal success. It was applied for five times over.

Senor Sagasta, at Madrid, Spain, is reported to have said that he expects a majority of thirty for ratification when the vote on the treaty is taken in the Cortes.

COUNT VON CAPRIVI DEAD.

The Former Chancellor of the German Empire Expires at Skyren.

FRANKFORT, Germany (By Cable).—General Count von Caprivi, the former Chancellor of the German Empire, died Monday morning at Skyren, near Crossen, thirty-two miles from here.

GENERAL COUNT VON CAPRIVI.

MRS. MARTHA PLACE'S CASE.

Governor Roosevelt Says Sympathy and Sex Will Not Affect Him.

ALBANY, N. Y. (Special).—Governor Roosevelt will, within a few days, consider and dispose of the case of Mrs. Martha Place, of Brooklyn, who is under sentence of death at Sing Sing Prison for the murder of her step-daughter, Ida Place.

Governor Roosevelt has made a statement relative to this case in response to inquiry as to whether he had been petitioned to change her sentence to life imprisonment. He said that he had not, and that it was not neeessary for petitions of that kind to be presented to him as it was his intention to give the case his earnest consideration. It will be decided on its merits and not on any matter of sentiment. Mrs. Place will receive the same consideration as if she were a man, and no more and no less.

Petitions simply from a sentimental source will not receive the slightest consideration. The Governor is willing to receive any statement of facts that will give him additional information connected with the commitment of the murder other than what was brought out at the trial, but on the general facts of the case he desires no communications. He is anxious to do justice where there are extenuating circumstances connected with the commission of a crime, but he has made it his rule never to take cognizance of mere sympathy.

GENERAL WHEELER LOSES HIS SEAT.

He and Others Ceased to Be Congressmen When They Became Army Officers.

WASHINGTON, D. C. (Special).—Major-General Joseph Wheeler, of Alabama; Colonel J. R. Campbell, of Illinois; Colonel D. G. Colson, of Kentucky, and Major E. E. Robbins, of Pennsylvania, must give up their seats in the House of Representatives.

This conclusion was reached by the House Committee on the Judiciary, pursuant to the resolution introduced by Representative Bailey and passed by the House, directing that committee to inquire into the question of the right of members of the House to hold military or naval commissions under the Government.

The committee reached the conclusion that the provision of the constitution that "No person holding any office under the United States shall be a member of either House during his continuance in office" applied to commissions in the volunteer army as well as to commissions in the regulars.

General Wheeler and the other Representatives in Congress who accepted military commands during the war with Spain therefore ceased to be members of the House of Representatives the instant they accepted their military commissions.

GOVERNMENT OF PORTO RICO.

The Insular Cabinet Dissolved and Four Executive Departments Substituted.

SAN JUAN, Porto Rico (By Cable).—Governor-General Henry has ordered the dissolution of the Insular Cabinet and has substituted the following departments: State, Justice, Finance and Interior. General Henry says that it has become evident to him, after a careful trial of two months, that the Insular Cabinet does not correspond with American methods of progress.

The heads of the new departments will confine their duties to their departments and the Governor-General will preside and give instructions directly to the heads of these departments. Officials who object to the introduction of American methods and to the investigation of their departments will be relieved and the vacancies will be filled by the appointment of the most competent persons, irrespective of party affiliations.

SHOT BY A HUSBAND AFTER DINNER.

Harry Brown Insulted Mrs. Warf and Five Minutes Later Was Dead.

WELCH, W. Va. (Special).—Harry Brown and Jordan Dore were invited to dine with Presley Warf Sunday evening. After dinner Mrs. Warf told her husband that Brown had insulted her and Brown and Dore left the house. Five minutes later Warf had shot Brown, killing him instantly.

After Mrs. Warf informed her husband of what had happened he followed the two young men to the Tidewater Coal plant nearby and demanded an apology. Brown refused to apologize and the two men ran Warf back to his house. Entering it, Brown threw Mrs. Warf against a trunk. As he did so Warf placed the muzzle of a revolver against his head and blew out his brains. Warf is in jail and the citizens are raising a fund with which to bail him out of custody.

Soldier's Sentence For Murder Approved.

Major-General Miles at Washington has approved the sentence of dishonorable discharge from the army and imprisonment for life imposed on Private James Ellis, Company I, Third North Carolina Volunteer Infantry, for murder committed at Macon, Ga. General Miles designated the military prison at Fort Leavenworth, Kan., as the place of confinement.

Argentine Republic Gets a Big Loan.

The Argentine Government has arranged a loan of $30,000,000 with the Rothschild-Morgan syndicate, secured by the alcohol revenues of the Argentine Republic.

THE MARKETS.

Late Wholesale Prices of Country Produce Quoted in New York.

7

MILK AND CREAM.

The average price paid for the surplus on the platforms has been 2½c ₱ qt. net to shipper. Receipts of milk and cream at the different railroad distributing points in and near the city for the week have been as follows:

Average daily receipts of the week, fluid milk, cans	25,815
Condensed milk, cans	192
Cream, cans	525

BUTTER.			
Creamery—West. extras	$ 19½@	$	20
Firsts	18½@		19
Thirds to seconds	15½@		18
State—Thirds to firsts	15 @		18½
State Dairy tubs, extras	18 @		19
Imitation Creamery	13 @		17
Factory, fresh firsts	13½@		13¾
Low grades	11½@		12½
CHEESE.			
State—Full cream, fancy	10 @		10¼
Small	11 @		11¼
Part skims, good to prime	6¼@		6¾
Full skims	3½@		4
EGGS.			
Nearby—Fancy	— @		19¼
State and Penn—Fresh	19 @		19¼
Western—Choice	— @		19
Southern—Choice	18 @		18½
BEANS AND PEAS.			
Beans—Marrow, choice, 1898	— @	1	45
Medium, 1898	— @	1	30
Pea, choice, 1898	— @	1	25
Red kidney, choice, 1898	— @	1	70
White kidney, choice, 1898	— @	1	90
Yellow eye	— @	1	50
Lima, Cal., ₱ 60 lbs	2 30 @	2	35
Green peas, bags	90 @		92½
FRUITS AND BERRIES—FRESH.			
Apples, Greenings, ₱ bbl	3 50 @	4	00
Baldwin, ₱ bbl	2 25 @	3	75
Spy, ₱ bbl	3 00 @	3	50
Cranberries, Cape Cod, ₱ bbl	4 50 @	8	00
Jersey, ₱ bbl	4 50 @	5	50
HOPS.			
State—1898, choice, ₱ lb	18 @		19
Fair to prime	14 @		17
Pacific Coast, 1898, choice	18 @		19
Common to prime	18 @		17
Old odds	4 @		7
LIVE POULTRY.			
Fowls, ₱ lb	— @		10½
Chickens, ₱ lb	— @		10
Roosters, ₱ lb	— @		6½
Turkeys, ₱ lb	10 @		10½
Ducks, ₱ pair	55 @		75
Geese, ₱ pair	1 12 @	1	50
Pigeons, ₱ pair	20 @		25
DRESSED POULTRY.			
Turkeys, ₱ lb	6 @		12
Chickens, Phila	11 @		15
Jersey	10 @		12
Fowls, State & Penn., ₱ lb	10 @		11
Ducks, Western	5 @		10
Nearby, ₱ lb	— @		—
Geese, Western, ₱ lb	5 @		9
Squabs, ₱ doz	1 75 @	3	75
HAY AND STRAW.			
Hay—Prime, ₱ 100 lb	62½@		65
Clover mixed	40 @		45
Clover	35 @		40
Straw—Long rye	40 @		45
VEGETABLES.			
Potatoes, L. I., ₱ bbl	1 75 @	2	00
State, ₱ bbl	1 25 @	1	50
Sweet, ₱ bbl	1 25 @	2	50
Cabbages, ₱ 100	2 00 @	4	00
Onions, Conn. white, ₱ bbl	3 00 @	5	50
Red and yellow, ₱ bbl	1 50 @	2	25
Egg plant, ₱ box	1 00 @	1	25
Tomatoes, ₱ carrier	1 00 @	3	00
Squash, marrow, ₱ bbl	— @		50
Turnips, Russia, ₱ bbl	60 @		75
Green peas, Fla., ₱ basket	1 00 @	3	00
Cauliflower, ₱ basket	2 00 @	3	00
String beans, ₱ crate	1 00 @	2	50
Lettuce, Fla., ₱ basket	1 00 @	2	75
Brussels sprouts, ₱ qt	5 @		12
Celery, ₱ doz	5 @		50
Spinach, ₱ bbl	1 25 @	2	25
Beets, Fla., ₱ box	1 00 @	1	75
Kale, ₱ bbl	60 @		80
Carrots, L. I., ₱ bbl	1 00 @	1	00
Pumpkins, ₱ bbl	— @		50
GRAIN, ETC.			
Flour—Winter Patents	3 75 @	4	00
Spring Patents	3 95 @	4	15
Wheat—No. 1 N. Duluth	— @		80⅝
No. 2 Red	81⅞@		82⅛
Corn—No. 2	43 @		44⅜
Oats—No. 2 White	— @		36½
Track mixed	34½@		36
Rye—Western	— @		65½
State	— @		61
Lard—City steam	5.20c @	5.25c	
LIVE STOCK.			
Beeves, city dressed	7½@		9
Calves, city dressed	9 @		12
Country dressed	7 @		10½
Sheep, ₱ 100 lb	— @		—
Lambs, ₱ 100 lb	5 00 @	5	55
Hogs—Live, ₱ 100 lb	4 00 @	4	15
Country dressed	4 @		6¼

WHEAT CROP OUTLOOK.

The Condition of the Autumn-Sown Grain is Generally Satisfactory.

WASHINGTON, D. C. (Special).—The first official report after midwinter of the condition of autumn-sown grain is not discouraging. The Government Climate and Crop Bulletin for January states that officials in charge of the climate and crop service sections in the principal winter-wheat sections were called on for information as to the state of the crop at the close of January, and their reports indicate that, notwithstanding the comparatively little protection afforded by snow, the general condition of the crop was satisfactory.

A favorable indication for the winter crop is that the season has been less rigorous than usual during January "in the central and upper Mississippi Valley and thence westward to the Pacific coast, including the plateau regions." In the northern and central Rocky Mountain districts and over the upper Missouri Valley the temperature in January varied, but was generally from three to nine degrees higher than usual in the midwinter month. The comparative mildness in these regions last month does not necessarily augur a continuance of like moderate temperature in February, but it is a hopeful sign that the season will not be excessively cold and protracted in the interior.

The Maryland Canning Trade.

During the past few years the canning industry of Maryland has made wonderful strides. The year just closed was the most remunerative in the history of the canning trade. The export trade from Baltimore in canned goods in 1898 amounted to $1,156,766, as against $941,729 in 1897. Nearly twenty per cent. of all the tomatoes canned in the United States and Canada were canned in Maryland.

Coal Output in Alabama.

The annual report of the Alabama State Mine Inspector shows that the total output of coal last year was 6,504,960 tons, an increase over the previous year, which was the greatest producer up to that time, of 611.189 tons.

THE SABBATH SCHOOL.

INTERNATIONAL LESSON COMMENTS FOR FEBRUARY 19.

Lesson Text: "Christ Feeding Five Thousand," John vi., 1-14—Golden Text: John vi., 35—Commentary on the Day's Lesson by the Rev. D. M. Stearns.

1, 2. "A great multitude followed Him because they saw His miracles which He did on them that were diseased," The true disciples followed Him because they believed Him to be the Messiah, Israel's deliverer and King, but the majority of people saw no beauty in Him; they only saw a wonder working man who could heal them when they were sick or feed them when hungry. He had crossed the sea, perhaps to be more alone with His Father, for He was so misunderstood by men, even by His disciples, but His Father understood Him perfectly. The multitudes, however, would not let Him alone, their needs were so many and He was so able to meet them.

3, 4. "And Jesus went up into a mountain, and there He sat with His disciples, and the Passover, a feast of the Jews, was nigh." The Passover was a feast of the Lord, but it had become a mere feast of the Jews, anything but an honor to God. To Him all was very real; the animals slain by His own hand to provide coats of skins for Adam and Eve (Gen. iii., 21); the lambs by whose blood the firstborn were saved in Egypt; the sacrifice He was soon to offer of Himself—all were to Him very, very real, but to them a religious ceremony, a weary form.

5. "When Jesus then lifted up His eyes and saw a great company come unto Him He said unto Philip, Whence shall we buy bread, that these may eat?" He was full of compassion for the multitudes, who were as sheep without a shepherd. As to their spiritual condition, their teachers, the scribes and Pharisees, would neither enter the kingdom themselves nor suffer others to enter. Whatever religious rites they performed the object was to be seen of men (Math. xxiii., 5, 13).

6. "And this He said to prove him, for He Himself knew what He would do." Man's thoughts and ways are very earthly. The Lord needs none of them. His are as far above ours as heaven is higher than the earth (Isa. lv., 9). He intends to fill this earth with His glory, and He knows just how He will do it. It was all plain to Him from the beginning. He will complete His body, the church, He will make Israel all righteous, He will subdue all things unto Himself, and He will let us be partners with Him in His kingdom and in all things tending to it, but He needs no suggestions from us as to how it shall be done.

7. "Philip answered Him, Two hundred pennyworth of bread is not sufficient for them that every one of them may take a little." Therefore the matter of feeding them was wholly out of the question, the money necessary was not to be had, and if they had the money where was the bread to be found? So to Philip's mind the idea was simply preposterous. He did not know his Lord, nor did he know Him even up to the night before He was crucified (John xiv., 9).

8, 9. "One of His disciples, Andrew, Simon Peter's brother, saith unto Him, There is a lad here which hath five barley loaves and two small fishes, but what are they among so many?" We look around and find that we have just so much, just the veriest trifle of what is necessary for the work, so little that it is not worth considering, and so we, like Andrew, feel that it is folly to think of it. These things are written for our instruction. May we learn from them and from other Scriptures to have faith in God, to dwell with the King for His work (I Chron. iv., 23), sure that what the King purposes He is able to carry out. All power in heaven and on earth is His.

10. "And Jesus said, Make the men sit down. Now, there was much grass in the place. So the men sat down, in number about 5000." All suggestions, encouraging or discouraging, are now ended. The Lord, who knew just what He would do, takes the matter in hand and begins to work. He is the author and finisher of every good work. He is the only Creator, the only Redeemer, there is none but He, and none like Him. He says, I will work, and who shall let it or turn it back? (Isa. xliii., 13). All the disciples have now to do is simply to watch Him and obey His orders. He fed millions for forty years. He gave them flesh to the full without killing a single ox or sheep.

11. "And Jesus took the loaves, and when He had given thanks He distributed to the disciples, and the disciples to them that were set down, and likewise of the fishes, as much as they would." He might have rained bread from heaven as He did in the wilderness, but He took what was at hand, and looking to His Father that He might work He multiplied it, as He did the oil and meal for the prophet and those with whom He lodged, and the oil for the widow that her debt might be paid (I Kings xi., 14; II Kings iv., 7).

12. "When they were filled, He said unto His disciples, Gather up the fragments that remain that nothing be lost." While He provides abundantly He will have nothing wasted. Filled and overflowing but all to His glory, and that many may be benefited. An abundance of wine at the feast in Cana and much over, an abundance to eat on this occasion and much to spare, but nothing wasted, nothing lost. Whatever He gives us is that He may be glorified. How sad when He has to say "the God in whose hand thy breath is and whose are all thy ways hast thou not glorified" (Dan. v., 23). When He perceives in us a real desire to glorify Him, we shall be abundantly filled.

13. "Therefore they gathered them together and filled twelve baskets with the fragments of the five barley loaves which remained over and above unto them that had eaten." People filled and baskets filled, and He did it all without any help from man. How wonderfully He used the lad and his loaves. Years ago I prayed that I might be like one of those loaves, fully in His hands, to be blessed and broken, and as I go from city to city, from day to day and from week to week, I think how wonderfully He has answered my prayer.

14. "Then those men, when they had seen the miracle that Jesus did, said, This is of a truth that prophet that should come into the world." So they would take Him by force and make Him a king, but He, having sent His disciples away by boat, departed alone to a mountain. The wind blew, the sea rose, and He did not come until the morning watch. Then He came walking on the sea, and as soon as they received Him into the ship she was at the land. The people still sought Him, but only because He had fed them.—Lesson Helper.

A Wife Sold For Three Dollars.

A wife-selling case from Geneva, Ind., has become public through the application of Charles Shepherd from protection against James Albright. Shepherd alleged that Albright had taken his wife from him, and that when he remonstrated he was driven off. Albright claims that he gave Shepherd $3 and a hat for the woman, who went with him willingly, and that Shepherd then got drunk and demanded back his wife.

I Shall Not Want.

This version of the Twenty-third Psalm, by Mrs. John R. Mott, appeared in Forthfield *Echoes*:

"The Lord is my shepherd; I shall not want."

I shall not want rest. "He maketh me to lie down in green pastures."

I shall not want drink. "He leadeth me beside the still waters."

I shall not want forgiveness. "He restoreth my soul."

I shall not want guidance. "He leadeth me in the paths of righteousness for his name's sake."

I shall not want companionship. "Yea, though I walk through the valley of the shadow of death, I will fear no evil, for thou art with me."

I shall not want comfort. "Thy rod and thy staff they comfort me."

I shall not want food. "Thou preparest a table before me in the presence of mine enemies."

I shall not want joy. "Thou anointest my head with oil."

I shall not want anything. "My cup runneth over."

I shall not want anything in this life. "Surely goodness and mercy shall follow me all the days of my life."

I shall not want anything in eternity. "And I will dwell in the house of the Lord forever.

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Deeds Entered for Record.

Evaline Piper et al. to Royer & Taylor, property in Dublin township. Consideration $1.00.

David Rabold and wife to Harry H. Nearhoof, property in Warriorsmark township. Consideration $85.00.

Wilson Vaughn to Eli Fultz, property in Tell township. Consideration $350.

A. L. Parson and wife to Royer & Taylor, property in Dublin township. Consideration $25.00.

Caroline Miller et al. to Miles L. Green, property in Miller township. Consideration $1365.00.

Julia B. Cassidy and husband to Richard J. Faust, property in Mount Union. Consideration $100.00.

Calvin Greene and wife to East Broad Top R. R. Co., property in Saltillo. Consideration $275.00.

Geo. M. Cresswell and wife to Samuel Brooks, property in Logan township. Consideration $120.00.

Z. G. Cresswell to Samuel H. Wakefield, property in Petersburg. Consideration $35.

Wilson Edwards et al. to S. D. Price, property in Todd township. Consideration $75.

Late to bed and early to rise, prepares a man for his home in the skies. But early to bed and a Little Early Riser, the pill that makes life longer and better and wiser. A. B. Gillam and J. O. Heaton.

Mamma (to little Joy aged four, who wants to stay in bed): "Come, deary, it is time now to get up. Don't you hear the robin outside your window? He says: 'Get up, get up, get up, now! Get up quick!'" Joy (listening thoughtfully): "Yes, I hear him, but he says it to his own children."

For La Grippe.

Thomas Whitfield & Co., 240 Wabash ave., corner Jackson St., one of Chicago's oldest and most prominent druggists, recommend Chamberlain's Cough Remedy for la grippe, as it not only gives a prompt and complete relief, but also counteracts any tendency of la-grippe to result in pneumonia. For sale by J. G. Gillam.

A wealthy lady, living near a garrison town, sent an officer an invitation to take tea with her. The note began, The pleasure of Captain Armstrong's company is requested, and the answer ran accordingly: Enlisted men Jones and Lee have been detailed to do guard duty, but the remainder of Capt. Armstrong's company accept with pleasure.

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"Who cares whether there is or not?" retorted Col. Hankthunder; "what's the use of asking such fool questions?"—*Chicago Tribune.*

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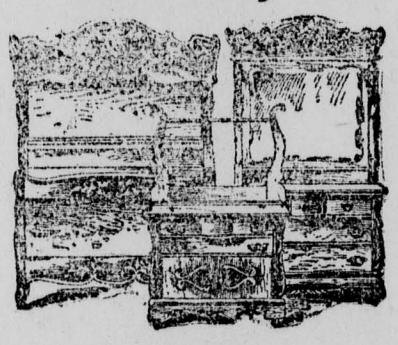

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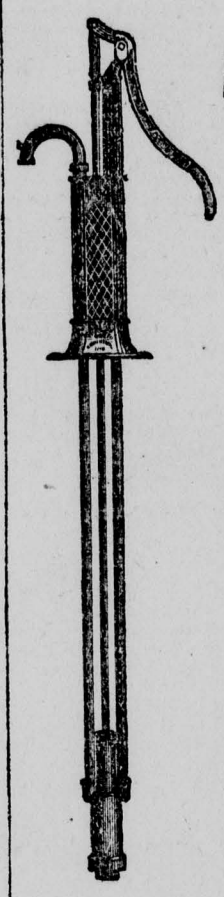

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